GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Sept. 16th, 1908. VOL. XXXV, NO. 20

Death of Mrs. Dutruit.

Merrill Star:—Mrs. Emanual Dutruit passed away at her home last Wednesday morning, peacefully passing the border line to be reunited with her husband who went before but a few months since. Mrs. Dutruit had been in ill health for a year or more, and during the past several weeks had been confined to her bed, and a number of times her friends thought the beckoning hand was visible, but she rallied and seemed to be improving until the final dissolution.

Sophia Louisa Mennett was her maiden name, and she was born in Switzerland, Oct. 24th, 1829, and came to America 1850, settling in Illinois, where in 1851 she was married to Emanuel Dutruit. In 1856 they moved to Centralia, and in 1881 came to Merrill where they resided until called to that better home. She is survived by two adopted daughters, Mrs. Anna Lemley of Milwaukee, and Mrs. T. C. Hanscom of Phoenix, Arizona; also one sister, Mrs. Carolina Rossier of Grand Rapids, and two brothers, E. Mennet of Montana, and Adolph Mennet of New Mexico.

The funeral services were held this morning at the Church of the Ascension, Rev. Raker conducting the services; the same being attended by a large gathering of friends who desired to testify by their personal presence to their esteem for the departed. The floral tributes were indeed profuse and beautiful, and she in whose honor they were gathered, was well worthy of them all.

Wagner-Von Bergen.

Joseph Wagner of Toledo, Ohio, and Ruth Von Bergen of the town of Grand Rapids, were married at the Congregational parsonage last Saturday evening. They left on Monday morning for Chicago where they will make their future home.

The bride is the niece of Thos. Maat who has been a resident of Grand Rapids for the past six months. The groom is a mechanical engineer at present employed in Chicago.

The pickle crop in this section has been short, not more than half what it should have been. The dry weather coming just when it did stopped the growth of cucumbers on the sandy land and what there were picked later on were of very poor quality.

State of Wisconsin,
County of Wood,
In Circuit Court.

In the matter of the application of the City of Grand Rapids for the condemnation of lands for the widening of the street in said city known as Vine Street.

Whereas, a judgment has been duly rendered and entered in the Circuit court of said county condemning a strip of land twenty feet in width off the Northeast side of Lots number one (1) and eight (8), Block number thirteen (13) Neeve's Addition to the city of Grand Rapids, for the purpose of widening Vine street in said city of Grand Rapids, and

Whereas, the Common Council of said city of Grand Rapids did, on February 11, A. D. 1908, by resolution duly adopted, duly ordain: First,--That the Board of Public Works of said City be directed to make an assessment of Damages by reason of such condemnation. Second,--That said Board of Public Works be further directed to make an assessment of benefits by reason of such condemnation, now therefore

Notice is hereby given that said Board of Public Works have this day made and filed in their office in said city of Grand Rapids, (which said office is in the office of the City Clerk of said city of Grand Rapids,) their report of the assessments of benefits and damages to property owners in said city of Grand Rapids, on account of the widening of said Vine street pursuant to law and said resolution adopted on February 11, A. D. 1908, and that said report is now on file in the said office of the said Board of Public Works, for public inspection and review, and said report will so continue to be on file in said office for a period of ten days from the date hereof for public inspection and review. Said board will be in session at their said office, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1908, to hear all objections that may be made to said report.

Dated this 12th day of September, A. D. 1908.

Frank Pomainville, Frank L. Steib, G. M. Hill, F. H. Jackson, E. W. Ellis.

Board of Public Works of the city of Grand Rapids.

Love-Bousha.

Mosinee Times:—One of the prettiest church weddings ever held in Mosinee took place at St. Paul's Catholic church Wednesday morning when Miss Alice Bousha, of this city, and Mr. Paul Carlton Love, of Kansas City, were married. Rev. Father Laurer officiating. The bride was attended by the Misses Alice O'Connor, of Onemr, and Louise Dessert of this city. The groom was attended by Mr. John Bousha, brother of the bride, and Roger Guenther of Knowlton.

The bride was attired in a beautiful princess gown of white Mousseline silk, with insertings of Filiet lace and carried a shower bouquet of brides roses. Miss O'Connor wore a white lace princess over pink silk. Miss Dessert wore white crepe de chenie. They wore large picture hats and each carried a bouquet of brides roses.

The groom is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Love, of Grand Rapids. He is a young man of sterling qualities, a graduate of the Grand Rapids High School and the University at Madison, and at present holds the important position of salesman for the Graham Paper Co. at Kansas City.

The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful gifts in cut glass, china and silverware, linen, etc. They left the same evening on a wedding tour to Chicago, Sioux City and St. Louis and will be at home at Kansas City, Mo., after October 15th.

Those present from away were Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Love and daughter May, of Grand Rapids, Ray Love of Milwaukee, Mrs. E. Slosson and daughter, Rhinelander, B. F. Bowman, wife and daughters, Alice and Dorothy, Abbotsford, Mrs. J. O'Connor and daughter Alice, Omega, Mrs. P. Collins and daughters Anna and Clare, Stevens Point, Mrs. G. G. Knoller and daughter Evelyn, of Dancy, Clara Coerper, of Moon, and Roger Guenther, of Knowlton.

In Danger of Fire.

The fires that have been burning north of the city on the east side of the river got so close to Biron on Monday as to cause considerable uneasiness and the Paper Company at that point got out their hose and wet down the surrounding property. The company has a large quantity of wood banked there and if the fire once got started in it the chances are that it would cause a large amount of damage not only to the mill property but also to the houses in that neighborhood. The mill, however, is well provided with pumps and fire apparatus.

Some of the club houses up river have also been in danger of burning and the owners have been making trips there and doing what they could to stop the progress of the flames. Had there been a heavy wind from the southeast at any time during the past few days there is no question but what most of the property along the river bank would have been wiped out of existence.

Fire has been burning on the Eggert marsh for several days past but outside of the burning off of the top of the ground but little damage has been done.

For Sale.

—Notice is hereby given that the Grand Rapids Improvement Association has purchased the LaMadeline and Wheelan properties on First Avenue for park purposes and proposes to sell the buildings located thereon to the highest bidder. Sealed bids for said buildings will be received by said Association up to and including September 16, 1908. Possession of the buildings will be given not later than October 15, 1908, and must be removed within fifteen (15) days from acceptance of bid and possession. Address bids to the undersigned Secretary.

Grand Rapids Improvement Ass'n.
By Theo. W. Brazeau,
Secretary.

For Music Lovers.

Mrs. Charlotte Lynn-Campbell will give a concert at the Lincoln high school on this (Wednesday) evening, and all lovers of good music should make it a point to be present. Mrs. Campbell is a vocalist of unusual ability and wherever she has appeared has received the unstinted praise of all who heard her. There is no doubt but what she will be greeted by a full house this evening and those intending to go may feel assured that they will be well paid for their trouble.

Second Moravian Church.

Because of an invitation to assist in a series of special services in Winston-Salem, N. C., the pastor will not return before Oct. 8th. On Oct. 4th services will be held in Scandinavian at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. O. Madsen. Preaching in Scandinavian in Rudolph in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Further notices will be published in due season. Provincial Synod is now being held at Lititz, Pa., and will probably close Sept. 17.

Shut up for One Year.

Mike Duke, the young fellow from Nekoosa, who was in the county jail awaiting trial at the coming term of circuit court on a grand larceny charge, went before Judge Webb on Thursday and plead guilty and was given a sentence of one year.

Duke is the same man that was arrested at the time of the Kellogg Lumber Co's. fire at Nekoosa, but at which time no evidence was discovered to show that he was connected with the matter in any way.

Petit Jurors.

The jury commissioners, Messrs. P. A. Christenson of Marshfield, C. A. Ludowig, of Pittsville and Archie McMillan of this city, met at the court house on Tuesday and drew the jurors for the coming term of court which convenes in this city on Monday, Oct. 5th. Following is the list of jurors.

Wm. Thimke Sr., Arpin Town; Benj. Darms, Auburndale Town; Julius F. Slater, Cary Town; John McCathie, Grand Rapids City; Matt Schilz, Grand Rapids City; E. C. Lowell, Hansen Town; Elwin E. Royce, Lincoln Town; Herman Bauer, Marshfield City; Arnold Beyer, Marshfield City; Wm. Eggebrecht, Marshfield City; Andrew Kolb, Marshfield City; Wm. L. Little, Marshfield City; Fred J. Laudent, Marshfield City; Ev. A. Upham, Marshfield City; August Draeger, Marshfield Town; C. W. Evarts, Milladore Town; Jos. E. Linzmayer, Milladore Town; Peter Meyer, Milladore Town; Neil Crown, Nekoosa Village; Robert H. Day, Nekoosa Village; Carl Rhode, Nekoosa Village; Joseph Short, Nekoosa Village Emil Garrison, Port Edwards Village; Alex Anderson, Port Edwards Town; W. Schaunitz, Port Edwards Town; John Robinette, Remington Town; Wm. Krause, Richfield Town; Wm. Trachte, Richfield Town; Hans H. Paulson, Rock Town; Chris Peterson, Rock Town; Nels Larson, Rudolph Town; Otto J. Leu, Seneca Town; Chas. G. Eckland, Sigel Town, B. W. Gates, Sherry Town; Wm. Henrickson, Wood Town; Milo B. Lowell, Wood Town.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Anderson, Miss Bessie (card); Barr, Miss Ethel (card); Biron, Miss M. L.; Bovee, Miss Alice; Booth, Mrs. George (card); Duncan, Miss Rosa (3); Goodney, Agnes; Harrison, Miss Mary; Kruger, Mrs. Fred (card); La Vere, Miss Mary; Lovell, Mrs. Dalia; Martinson, Mrs. Erick; Paylat, Miss Bessie (card); Pulver, Miss Edith (card); Schultz, Miss Amy (card); Snoider, Miss Laura (card); Steiner, Miss Amelia; Throne, Mrs. F. J (card); Trancktella, Mrs. Frank.

Gentlemen. Bainburg, Ed; Bergerson, Ole; Clouse, James; Crance, H. A.; Derich, Wm.; Didgen, Al; Dunham, Alton (card); Ehle, Bert; Hoffman, Dan; Higgins, F. B.; Hennes, Theodore; Jacobs, Charley (card); Johnson, Martin; Kinney, Clyde; King, C.; Kssowinia, John (2); Kuzniar, Frank(2); Lando, Nels G. (Foreign); Moskt, Jos.; Morrill, A.; Milensky, M.; Miller, Henry; Metropolitan Redwood Lumber Co. Nelson, Nels E; Nelson, Andrew (3); Neufeld,—; Nolan, E. J. (card); Northland Lum., Co.; Peterson, Ole (2); Pribanow, Chas.; Thompson, Guy (2); Uhlman, Chas.; Valentine-Clark Co. Waelin, Gust (card). Walters, Perry (card); Witte, Paul; Witte, John; Yetter, Wm.

J. R. Ragan, president of the Wisconsin Undertakers Association, left on Saturday for Eau Claire where he will open the school of embalming which is conducted by the Wisconsin association during the next two weeks. The association will have as lecturer and demonstrator Prof. H. S. Eckels, of the Pennsylvania school of embalming, and it is expected that there will be about 100 students in attendance. The annual convention of undertakers will be held at Eau Claire on Sept. 29 and 30 and Oct. 1. Mr. Ragan will also stop at Chippewa Falls for a few days where he will attend the Chippewa county fair and homecoming that is being held there.

The weather this year seems to be conspiring to put Hicks, the weather man out of business. He used to guess at the weather and whenever he happened to strike it he made a lot of new converts and confirmed a whole lot who had been converted some time before. According to Hicks we were going to have all kinds of weather during August, but we didn't. Then there have been a couple of storms predicted for September so far, but neither of them have happened, and it doesn't take much of a seer to state that Hicks is on the hummer so far as weather predictions are concerned.

Last Sunday afternoon the weather bureau at Washington issued the following special forecast: "The first well defined disturbance of the present season is approaching the north Pacific coast and a West Indian storm is advancing toward our southeastern coast. This combination should produce abundant rains in the drought stricken district of the north central states before the close of the present week."

Nason and Demeroe have about closed a deal with Ben Hansen for a piece of propretr lying in the rear of the Chambers livery stable on which they expect to erect a shop. They will probably put up their building out of concrete blocks and build it two stories high with a basement and have it close enough to the railroad track so that they can ship material and manufactured products out with facility.

Supt. Pfeiffer reports that the dry weather is seriously affecting the wells that supply the city with water and that there has been barely enough to furnish the public for some time past. So far it has not been necessary to pump river water into the mains but it has been a pretty close shave much of the time.

Remember that the band concert starts at 7:30 hereafter instead of 8 o'clock as heretofore. The change is made because it gets dark so much earlier now and it allows everybody to get home earlier.

Low License Carries.

The vote on the license question in this city yesterday resulted in a majority voting for low license, and as there was a good majority of the voters out, it may be considered a fairly good representation of what the people want. Following is the vote in detail.

	$500	$200
First Ward	26	57
Second Ward	58	69
Third Ward	84	44
Fourth Ward	49	89
Fifth Ward	38	107
Sixth Ward	52	85
Seventh Ward	61	62
Eighth Ward	52	48
Totals	420	561

Total vote cast 981. Majority for low license 141. There were a number of ballots thrown out on account of being defective either by not being marked at all, or in some other way, but not enough to affect the general result in any way.

Library Notes.

Circulation of books for month of August shows an increase of 714 over the circulation for same month in 1907. Circulation by classes is as follows:

Philosophy	3
Religion	2
Sociology	16
Natural Science	18
Useful arts	9
Fine arts	16
Literature	60
History	26
Travel	66
Biography	3
Fiction	1279
German	8
Routing collection	17
Periodicals	67
Total	1584

Prevented the Election.

An injunction was served on the authorities at Stevens Point on Monday to prevent them from holding the special election that was to have been held on Tuesday to vote on the license question. Both those in favor of high license and those against it were in favor of stopping the proceedings, as the proper legal formalities had not been attended to and if the election were held it would not be lawful and would be a needless expense. By stopping the proceedings as they did the liability of litigation over the matter was done away with. The injunction was granted by Judge Webb of this city.

Conrad Winfred Peckham Dead

Conrad Winfred Peckam, son of S. E. Peckham, died at his home in the town of Grand Rapids on Friday after a short illness with appendicitis. Deceased was born in Bloom City, July 9th, 1882, and moved here with his parents a little over a year ago, who settled on a farm owing to their son's poor health, the father being a retired Methodist minister. The funeral occurred from the home on Sunday, Rev. Evans of the M. E. Church, preaching the funeral sermon.

Will Locate at Nekoosa.

Dr. George Pomainville, who has been practicing medicine at Wauwatosa for some time past, has been in the city the past few days visiting his relatives here. The Doctor reports that he has decided to locate at Nekoosa and has secured offices in the Williams building in that city. His many friends here will wish him success in his new location.

Port Edwards Beats Iola.

The Iola ball team was shut out at Port Edwards on Sunday by a score of 6 to 0. The game was a good one all the way thru and was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic audience. Chas. Nash of this city was in the box for Port Edwards and Bourgard of Port Edwards caught.

Death of Sarah Hanneman.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanneman of Kellner are mourning the loss of their little daughter, Sarah, which occurred on Monday morning after a short illness. They have the sympathy of the community in their affliction.

Joseph Bargeron of Port Edwards arrived in the city on Tuesday from a four weeks visit with relatives in Canada. Louis Lyonnais and son Frank of Rudolph are expected to arrive home on Sunday.

Fred Wittenburg returned home on Monday night, having been away receiving treatment during the past five weeks for sciatic rheumatism. He reports that he is much better than when he left, and hopes to entirely recover in time, a fact which his many friends will be pleased to note.

John Giese, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Giese, enlisted in the United States Navy last week while in Milwaukee, and the next day left for San Francisco where he will be stationed at present. John has many friends in this city who will wish him success while in Uncle Sam's employ.

"The Imperfections of the Perfect" will be the subject of the sermon at the morning service in the Congregational church next Sunday. Bible school at the close of the morning service. Young people's meeting at 6:30.

From the State Capital

Items of Importance to Wisconsin People, Gleaned at Madison.

Madison.—Wisconsin's high standard of sanitary cleanliness is the reason given by Health Commissioner G. A. Hading for losing the next convention of the American Public Health association.

Dr. Hading returned tired and tanned after three days' chicken shooting in South Dakota. He left Winnipeg in a hail storm which was without equal in the history of Manitoba. The stones broke car windows, shattered show windows in all the border cities and caused havoc with the crops.

"If Wisconsin had not attained such a high degree of sanitary excellence I might have landed the convention for 1909," said Dr. Hading. "As it was I think I can safely promise that Milwaukee will entertain the association in 1910. The advisory board decided upon Milwaukee as the next meeting place for the association and all the Winnipeg papers printed front page articles describing our campaign and the city of Milwaukee. The day after that we lost on the floor of the convention. The delegates who opposed Milwaukee said their chief objection was that Wisconsin had conquered so many sanitary problems that there was practically no field for actual work and observation in this state."

Abbott Is Nominated.

James E. Abbott of Madison is nominated for insurance commissioner on the Republican ticket by less than 400 votes. The figures for Forest county could not be obtained accurately, but, excluding that county, Abbott had 5,089 in the 30 counties which he carried. Beedle carried 31 counties with majorities aggregating 4,694. This gives Abbott a lead of 393. Forest county is near the former home of Mr. Abbott and he probably carried it by a small margin. The largest majority vote given Abbott was in Milwaukee county, with 768, and the smallest majority vote given him in any county was 5 in Oneida county. Beedle received a majority of 982 in Waupaca county, his home, and the smallest majority vote of any county was 1 in Lincoln county. The returns indicate that the contest was sharp in all counties, and in 28 the majorities given are less than 100.

New Faces in Legislature.

There will be many new faces in the legislature this year. Some of the men who have been seen about the state house for four and eight years will not return. Senator Henry Hagemeister of Green Bay, who was first elected in 1900, declined to be a candidate for renomination and the Republicans have chosen Timothy Burke, the tallest man in the assembly last year. Theodore C. Froemming was turned down in the Fourth senatorial district in Milwaukee, H. W. Bodenstab, securing the Republican nomination. Froemming's friends believed there was no sentiment against him and did little work in his behalf. The Sixth district has been represented by Jacob Rummel, a Social Democrat, for the past four years. This year he is a candidate for United States senator and W. R. Gaylord was nominated by the Socialists and A. J. Langhoff by the Republicans. Practically 60 per cent. of the members of the assembly every session are new members. There are a few, however, who succeed in lasting several sessions.

Rise in Realty Values.

Appraisers appointed by the court to fix the value of the Cornelius lot on State street which the board of university regents wants to buy, appraised it at $20,000, which is $4,500 more than was recently paid for it for Miss Melissa Brown who bought it for the purpose of erecting a bookstore building on it. The lot adjoins the Porter homestead, which the university regents bought two years ago for $20,000 and have since converted into an administration building. The appraisement sets a new mark for real estate values in the vicinity of the university.

Rose at Firemen's Festival.

"Democratic day" of the three days' fall festival of the local fire department at Firemen's park drew a large crowd to Waterloo. Mayor Rose of Milwaukee and a delegation of about forty members of the Associated Rose clubs attended. Mr. Rose discussed the principles of the Democratic party. He made a plea for Bryan and Kern and the Democratic state and congressional tickets as well as for the county ticket nominated at the primaries. "Republican day" had for speakers Charles A. A. McGee of Milwaukee and Congressman Nelson.

Put on Lid at State Fair.

There will be no wheels of fortune, shell games or attractive contrivances calculated to win the public attention at the state fair. Sheriff W. R. Knell of Milwaukee county made this announcement and informed a number of prospective concessionaires that any attempt to open games will be met with arrest and prosecution. Sheriff Knell also announced that the state fair law relative to the sale of liquor on the grounds and the operation of "blind pigs" will also be enforced.

Davidson Saves Two from Lake.

Gov. Davidson went fishing on Lake Mendota in a small boat and incidentally rescued two men from death by drowning. As the governor was casting his line for a strike he noticed some distance away an upturned canoe with two men clinging to its side. Without pulling in his line the governor took the oars and by strong rowing against the high wind finally reached the two unfortunates. He pulled one of the men into his own boat and then brought the other to safety.

Stuck to His Papers.

Green Bay.—James Morbit a newsboy, 12 years of age, walked off of the east approach of Walnut street bridge with a bundle of papers tucked under his arm, sank below the surface, came up, was pulled out of the water by another young man and still held the papers in a firm grip.

Washburn Menaced.

Washburn. — A dangerous fire threatened Washburn, starting in "Shanty town," near the lumber yards.

Push Work on Capitol Tunnel.

The state capitol tunnel which is being constructed from the new building down East Washington avenue to the Snell lots will be completed within a few days. Already work of excavating for the capitol boiler house on the Snell lots is under way, and as the countracts for this work have been awarded, this building will be erected rapidly during the winter. Work on the east wing is being rushed that the building may be inclosed early in November. The basement and two stories are practically up and stone and steel framework are on the ground to finish the remainder. The steel framework for the remaining stories is nearly all in place, with the exception of that to brace the roofing. This wing will be completed more rapidly than was the outside work upon the west wing. The west wing will be ready for occupancy by the secretary of state and state treasurer on January 1. Here will also be convened both houses of the legislature. This wing is planned especially for the assembly, and temporary quarters will be provided for the senate. In the third story will be committee rooms and it is believed that the legislature will be given more room for transacting business than ever before. Nearly all of the plastering has been finished and the painting is well under way. Marble for the stairways is ready to be placed in position.

State Firemen at Madison Next.

Madison gets the next convention of the Wisconsin Paid Firemen's association, which organization held the closing session of the annual meet in Appleton. The following officers and committeemen were also elected:

President—C. W. Heyl, Madison.
Vice-president—J. J. Hennessey, Milwaukee.
Secretary—F. J. Colton, La Crosse (re-elected).
Treasurer—J. H. Krantz, Manitowoc (re-elected).
Executive committee—Louis Schraetzle, Ashland; E. A. Hackett, Gillett; Frank Reyebard, Oshkosh.
Topics committee—F. L. Peabody, Madison; J. H. Mueller, Menasha, and Thomas Manton, Milwaukee.
Legislative committee—C. W. Heyl, Madison; F. J. Colton, La Crosse; T. A. Clancey, Milwaukee; J. J. Hennessey, Milwaukee; Olaf Johnson, Superior; George W. McMillan, Appleton; W. A. Scott, Janesville, and J. P. Walsh, Eau Claire.

Vilas Millions for University.

What without doubt will be the largest gift made to an educational institution by a single individual in Wisconsin is provided for in the will of the late Col. W. F. Vilas filed for probate. The will makes provision for the distribution of property said to be valued at between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000, though the petition places the value at $824,000. By its terms Mrs. Vilas, the widow will have a life interest in the estate. At her death the property with its accumulations is to be turned over to the University of Wisconsin as a permanent fund to be held until it has reached the sum of $3,000,000.

Barbers Declare War.

Wisconsin barbers have decided to go on the warpath on account of exorbitant prices charged for certain supplies, which it is said are yielding enormous profits to the dealers. Either lower prices must prevail or the barbers will get their own product, they say. The question came up at the convention of the Wisconsin barbers in Milwaukee. Other questions brought up at the convention were the Sunday closing of barber shops and the state license law. Barbers from all over the state were interested in the convention. About 200 attended. The Milwaukee union was represented by M. H. Whittaker, John Lauer, Edward Angles and F. J. Victoris.

Expect Many Chinese Students.

There will be an unprecedented number of Chinese students at the University of Wisconsin this year. This is the statement recently made by Register W. D. Hiestand. As an explanation for the popularity of the university it is stated that the Badger institution was recommended to Chinese students as the best school for them in this country by no less an authority than Minister Wu Ting Fang at Washington.

Stone Is Chosen.

Gov. Davidson appointed J. W. Stone, state fish and game warden, to represent Wisconsin at the international fisheries congress to be held in Washington September 22 and 26. The appointment carries merely credentials to the convention, there being no salary or expense allowance attached to it.

Demonstrate Good Roads.

Experts from the Wisconsin Good Roads' association gave a demonstration of how good roads may be built, on the driveway near the grandstand at Milwaukee. The methods of laying foundations for country roads, the construction of the roads themselves and the methods of preventing the dust evil were dealt with by lecture and practical demonstration. The work evoked considerable enthusiasm from the crowds, particularly from the residents of rural Wisconsin.

Child Ignites Own Dress.

Sheboygan.—In playing with a lighted candle the three-year-old daughter of Frank Brandt ignited her dress and in an instant was enveloped in flames. The mother, attracted by her cries, wrapped the girl in a blanket, smothering the flames. Hope for her recovery are entertained.

"Dr." Is Detained.

New Richmond. — Latest advices here are that "Dr." Till, the plaster specialist, was detained by federal immigration officers in New York.

Wisconsin Man Removed.

Madison.—Prof. W. L. Carlyle, dean of the Colorado state college of agriculture, and professor of animal husbandry at the University of Wisconsin, 1898-'03, has been removed from the Colorado institution.

Turns Own Gun on Highwaymen.

Superior.—Jacob Meismen, a husky farmer, mortally wounded a highway robber after a fierce fight in which Meismen took the holdup man's gun away from him and used it to defend himself.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

The horse needs salt as well as the other animals.

You cannot afford to overlook the fertility question.

Never water a horse when he is hot and tired and then let stand.

A change of diet is as a horse needs sometimes when he is off his feed.

Wide tires have an important bearing upon the question of good roads.

From 81 to 83 per cent. of the corn crop of the United States is fed to livestock.

The feet of the road horse will be sounder if dipped in a pail of water every day.

Wash the harness thoroughly with a good harness soap and, after drying, oil thoroughly.

Systematic and intelligent management is required to get eggs the year round from the flock.

Don't crowd the training of the colt. Be sure he has mastered one thing before starting on another.

It is said that the temperature of countries with sandy soils is higher than those whose soils are of a clayey character.

Scours in young animals can often be checked by wheat flour scorched and mixed with skim milk and the yolk of an egg.

Sow the spare field to rye. Sown now it will make good growth before cold weather and completely cover the ground for winter.

Form the acquaintance of your colts early, and keep their confidence by little tid-bits and an occasional petting. Begin the training early.

Leaves of clover hay constitute its most nutritious part, and for this reason it should be fed in tight mangers, so that none of it will be lost.

Silage is valuable as a maintenance feed for the winter, whether the animals are to be slaughtered immediately or carried over for summer grazing.

Give the work horses a few days off in the fields occasionally. They will accomplish more work when put to it again than they would without, the rest.

The best horse for the farmer is not the fast roadster, but the fast-walking draft horse. In training colts always put them with the fastest walking horse you have.

Four things must be reckoned with in estimating the value of an animal dip, namely, efficiency to destroy parasites, non-irritating effects, ease of preparation and cost.

Inspect and repair the harness at frequent intervals. It will prove the truth of the old adage that "a stitch in time saves nine." Nay, more, it may save a serious accident.

You and wife need a vacation. Take it by going to the state fair. It will rest and refresh the body and put new ideas into your head, plus the energy needed to carry them out.

Why raise weeds when the garden patch will grow late crops. After the early vegetables are out of the way always plan to put in something else that will do well in the late fall.

The stock need salt. Don't trust your memory to feed it to them at intervals. Have it in a receptacle to which they will have access at all times. They will only eat what is good for them.

The tuberculin test as now used is considered by some of the more conservative agricultural experts as little better than guesswork, and that as a result thousands of perfectly healthy cows are and have been sacrificed needlessly.

Look at the horse carefully before buying. Watch him standing as well as in motion. If sound he will stand firmly and squarely on his limbs without moving, except when he has very high life. He will be flat on the ground with legs plump and naturally poised. If one foot is thrown forward and toe pointed to the ground with heel raised, or if foot is lifted disease of the navicular bone may be suspected or at least a tenderness which is liable to develop into serious disease. If the foot is thrown out, toe raised and heel brought down, the horse has suffered from laminitis, founder, or the back sinews are sprained; he will prove worthless. If feet are drawn together, beneath the horse, it indicates a displacement of limb and weak disposition of the muscles. If horse stands with rest spread apart, or straddles with his hind legs, there is weakness of the loins and the kidneys are disordered. If knees are bent and tremble, the horse has been ruined by heavy pulling. You run great risk in buying horses with contracted or badly formed hoofs. It is always safest to have the horse thoroughly examined by a competent veterinary surgeon before closing the deal.

An excellent ration for shoates when raised by hand is made up of boiled skim milk, flaxseed, brown sugar and a little salt. A cup of flaxseed to a gallon of milk is about the right proportion.

It is a mean horse, indeed, that does not want to please. For this reason it is safe to conclude that when he does not respond to a command he has failed to understand. Be patient and be sure that the horse knows what you want him to do before punishing him.

Clean out the nest boxes frequently.

Wet the corn before putting in the silo if it is extra dry.

Keep the young chickens growing. Green food is essential.

The vitality of alfalfa is much lessened by letting it stand very long after the proper time for cutting.

It is the cow which the man is anxious to sell that you cannot afford to buy.

Keep only as many chickens as you have room for. Crowding is always disastrous.

Salt, fresh water and kind words go a long way in inducing the cow to fill the milk pail.

Speltz when ground and mixed with bran or cornmeal makes a good feed for milk cows.

Do you know how to run your farm as well as you think you know how to run the country?

The stanchion is a cruel thing to keep the cows in during fly time, unless the stable is screened.

Kerosene makes a good spray to use in the chicken house, only be careful of fire or lighted matches after using.

One does not have to look at the average farm orchard twice to know that it is the most neglected spot on the farm.

Dirt is the great enemy of milk. From the feeding and handling of the cow to the final disposition of the milk you cannot be too careful.

To stop a horse from gnawing, wash the manger and rope with coal tar. This must be put on hot with an old brush or broom.

It should not be necessary to remind you that the separator should be washed and scalded each time it is used. Washing it out with clean cold water is not sufficient.

Eggs that are uniform in size and color find a more ready market and a better price than eggs not so assorted. This is one of the strong arguments in favor of one breed of hens.

The dairy farm needs power of some kind. In purchasing an engine get one that will do more work than you will require of it. It will make its running easier and will provide for increased business.

After the first year it is almost impossible to judge the age of a hen, and for this reason leg bands should be used to prevent you from sending the young hens to market and keeping the old ones. The cost of the leg bands is as nothing compared to the convenience of knowing each individual fowl. Register the numbers in a book and under each number keep a record of the hen bearing that number. In this way you will be able to deal intelligently with your flock and make your profits more.

A wallow for the hogs is a good thing in the summer time for it helps them to keep cool. One of cement may be made by digging a hole 15 inches deep and ten feet square. In the bottom pack six inches of coarse gravel or cinders, and on this lay three inches of coarse concrete. Smooth off the surface and raise the sides six inches higher. This makes a shallow basin, which will make a good sanitary wallow, and a barrel of water a day will be sufficient to keep it going. If you have running water which can be piped into the basin, so much the better.

A method of curing alfalfa hay without the use of hay caps which has proved successful is to cut the alfalfa in the morning as soon as the dew is off, allow it to remain in the swath as late in the afternoon as possible and yet get it raked before the evening dews fall and then put it in tall cocks, if it looks like rain; otherwise leave it in the windrow over night. If the next day is sunshiny the hay is scattered after the dew is off, allowed to dry until late afternoon and put in the barn. If the weather is not favorable for drying, more than two days will be required to cure the hay.

Here are some feeding maxims by Prof. Beach which we are glad to give space to among the Meadowbrook Farm Notes: The more food the cow can be induced to eat, the more milk she will produce. Cows do not usually consume more food than they can properly digest. The ration, therefore, should be made as palatable as possible in order to induce the cow to eat large quantities. The larger the amount of protein in the ration, the larger the milk flow. Protein in the ration is essential to the production of the milk. The less energy required to digest the ration the larger the milk flow. The richer the ration, the richer the manure. The dairy farmer must look here for a large part of his profit. No two cows can be fed alike. Each must be studied differently. Increase the protein in the ration and watch the milk flow.

Sanitary milk comes from healthy cows that are kept in a cleanly way, and whose product is handled in a cleanly manner. Thorough cleaning of milk utensils, the cleaning and ventilation of the stables and the proper feeding management to keep the cows in good health must not be neglected. Of course economic feeding must be practiced to make a profit, but that is another story. No part of the handling of milk-producing animals is so neglected as the actual care of the cow herself. Brushing and washing the parts likely to carry dirt into the milk should be daily practiced. The hands and person of the milker must be clean. A pair of clippers should be used frequently over the hind legs and udder of the cow, to prevent accumulating filth. The handling of the milk from the instant it is drawn from the body of the animal until the time it is delivered to the consumer or made into another product is the third great point to be observed.

The farmer has no one to blame but himself when his soil becomes impoverished, for both by crop rotation and the raising of livestock he can put more into the soil each year than he takes out.

Tests made by the Minnesota station indicate that pork can be produced with less grain by hogging off the corn than by feeding it in the ear or snapped in the yards. Hogs fed in the field showed a gain of at least one-third more than those fed in the yards.

Wisconsin State News

Happenings in the Cities, Towns and Villages Which Are of Interest Here.

HOOT HOLY JUMPERS AGAIN.

Members of Sect Attempt to Make Converts at Waukesha Beach.

Waukesha.—For the first time since the arrival of the sect in this city members of the "Holy Jumpers" invaded Waukesha Beach and attempted to convert the crowd that had assembled to attend a ball game. A large crowd was soon jeering and hooting them. They were ordered off the grounds by the management, but refused to go, claiming it was public property. They were convinced, however, that it was private ground and, after kneeling in the gravel between the street car tracks, where they offered a prayer, they returned to this city.

DEAF SCHOOL TO OPEN.

Attendance of 275 Pupils Is Expected at Delavan.

Delavan.—The Wisconsin School for the Deaf will enter upon its fifty-seventh school year on Wednesday, September 19. It is expected that the attendance during 1908-1909 will reach 275 because of the added facilities for caring for the deaf of the state. The new $50,000 industrial building is now being occupied. In the spring work was begun on a $40,000 dormitory for girls. New stables and other buildings have been added during the last year. The equipment is second to none, it is claimed.

HEARST TO ANSWER $48 BILL.

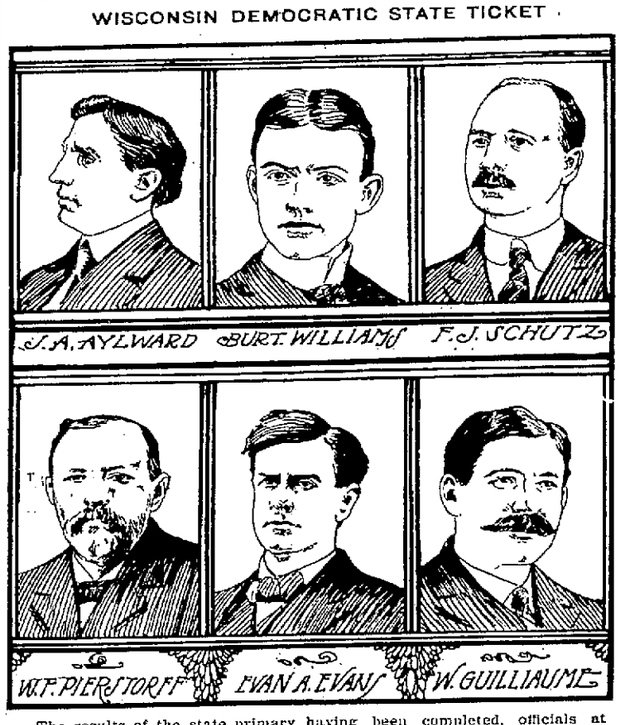
To Appear on Charges of Wisconsin Saloon-Keeper.

Milwaukee. — William Randolph Hearst will come to Milwaukee on September 14 to appear before Justice of the Peace Oscar E. Schwemer to make answer in a civil suit brought against him by William Kirchheimer, a saloon-keeper in the town of Granville. The case dates back four years, when Mr. Hearst was a candidate for the nomination for president. J. J. McNally, who at that time represented himself as one of the Hearst workers, it is alleged, went to the plaintiff's saloon and, according to the allegations, incurred a bill of $48 for refreshments and the rent of a hall for a Hearst meeting. He sued Hearst and got service on him.

Wed Secretly at Kenosha.

Kenosha.—Imposing the strictest secrecy upon the minister who performed the ceremony and the court officials who issued the license, Marshal Olds, who gave his occupation as an attorney and his place of residence as Chicago, was married here to Miss Mary A. Bueler, a daughter of John A. Bueler of Riverside, Cal. The young man declared that he desired to keep the marriage secret because his bride is a student in Chicago and will not complete her school work until next year. It is said the parents of both are very wealthy.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET



The results of the state primary having been completed, officials at the capital prepared to swear to the official returns. On the Democratic ticket J. A. Aylward was chosen as a candidate for governor; Burt Williams, lieutenant-governor; F. J. Schultz, secretary of state; W. F. Pierstorff, state treasurer; Evan A. Evans, attorney general; and William Guilliaume, insurance commissioner.

Buffeted by Wild Waves.

Ashland. — Fifteen-year-old John Krueger, while duck hunting, went outside the slough in a small boat and was carried out into the bay by a fierce northwester. He lost his oars and was helpless. A searching party went out from Ashland in a motor boat and Krueger was finally sighted two miles from his starting place and rescued. He saved his life by lying down in the boat, thus preventing it from capsizing.

Tried to Burn Baby.

Iola.—While working on a vault at the Iola high school workmen discovered the remains of a new-born infant wrapped in cotton batting and cloth wrapping. Indications pointed to an attempt having been made to burn the body, which had apparently been deposited where found several days ago.

La Crosse Tannery Burns.

La Crosse.—Fire broke out in the big tannery of Davis, Medary & Platz located in the manufacturing district entailing a loss of $30,000 or $40,000. A half dozen other large factories situated close by the tannery were saved by hard work of the department.

Stung in Many Places.

Hudson. — An infant child of Henry Oliver while playing in the yard discovered a bumblebees' nest and proceeded to investigate. Before the child could be rescued it was stung in 22 places. It will recover.

Swedish Pastors Meet.

Racine.—The annual state conference of the Swedish Methodist church was held in the handsome new edifice, Lafayette avenue and West Sixth street, the sessions continuing for one week.

Will Find Child Dead.

Chetek. — While Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kobliska are somewhere in the west on a pleasure trip their nine-year-old son has died of acute infantile paralysis and been buried. Efforts to locate the parents were fruitless.

Killed His Own Babe.

Appleton.—Elisha Antone, an Oneida Indian, was brought to Appleton under arrest on complaint of his wife, and charged with the murder of his 18-months'-old daughter.

Superior Fears for Bridges.

Superior.—Forest fires burned a few miles from the city limits and the city was enveloped in smoke. Mostly brush burned, but there was danger of railroad bridges going. A strong wind fanned the flames.

Forest Fires Around Ashland.

Ashland.—Dry weather and high winds started up forest fires here and there. There was a good deal of smoke observable from Ashland at several places.

Meet Next at Kenosha.

Racine.—At a meeting here of the Racine and Kenosha County Veterans' association over 75 were present. C. H. Blood of Kenosha was elected president and Charles Leonard secretary. Kenosha was selected as the next place of meeting. Col. J. A. Watrous of Whitewater made an address.

Storm Damage at La Crosse.

La Crosse.—A storm of small extent but great severity swept over the southern edge of the city, doing considerable damage to farm property and ruining orchards. Several large buildings on the farm of C. L. Hoi, a local attorney, were destroyed.

Steal Church Bank.

Osceola.—Thieves stole the Sunday school missionary bank from the M. E. church at Frederic and secured between $20 and $30. The bank, broken to pieces on a stump, was found near the church.

Child Badly Hurt in Runaway.

Racine.—In a runaway Albert Hittner, six years old, was thrown from a wagon and struck on his head. The lad was practically scalped. He was taken to a hospital, but physicians fear he cannot survive.

May Be Made Railroad Center.

Chippewa Falls.—The Wisconsin Central may make Hawthorne a freight division point on the new Owen-Superior line. A 32-stall roundhouse will be erected at Hawthorne and several water tanks put in.

Likely to Go Unrewarded.

Plover.—The scores of men employed in fighting the marsh fires in this vicinity will probably not receive the 25 cents an hour remuneration promised by the state, as the total would bankrupt the town, it is said.

Decide to Meet at Neenah.

Neenah.—At the tenth annual reunion of the soldier and sailor veterans of Winnebago county at Omro, Neenah was selected as the next place of meeting. H. E. Coats and N. C. Coats, Neenah, were elected president and secretary respectively.

Normal School for Chippewa Falls.

Chippewa Falls.—A move is said to be on foot to locate a state normal school at this city. It is claimed that grounds will be donated and that an active campaign will be inaugurated.

Fires Near Ashland.

Ashland.—Two requests for help in fighting forest fires were telephoned to Ashland, one from White River and the other from the farming region south of Ashland. Not since the great Hinckley fire was there so much smoke.

Accused of Slaying Infant.

Sheboygan.—Mrs. Lizzie Lanoye of Waldo, Wis., was arrested charged with the murder of her day-old grandson. It is charged she held a rag over its mouth to keep it from crying.

RIPE OR CANNED PEACHES.

Delicious Dishes for Dessert Prepared from Either Source.

Gateaux of peaches is a French appellation for a dessert in peach season. The ripe fruit can be used in place of the canned, which has been considered in the measuring. Half a can of peaches, half teaspoonful red coloring, two teaspoonfuls vanilla extract, one ounce pistachio nuts, three eggs, three ounces of flour, three ounces of butter, a little water icing.

Put the eggs and the sugar into a basin, place this over another basin of boiling water and whisk until warm; remove the basin and continue the whisking until the mixture is almost stiff enough to lift up with the whisk.

Rub the peaches through a sieve and add two heaping tablespoonfuls of the puree of the mixture, the red coloring, one teaspoonful of the vanilla and the flour sifted. Stir this in very lightly, butter a plain mold, then dust it with flour.

Pour in the mixture and pin around the outside a band of buttered paper; bake for 30 minutes in a moderate oven, then remove from the mold and when cold cut in slices about one inch thick, spread thickly with the remainder of the puree, place the rounds together again and pour over the water icing prepared as follows:

Six tablespoonfuls of confectioner's sugar, two tablespoonfuls liquid from peaches, the other teaspoonful of vanilla, stir until warm and liquid, then pour over the cake and quickly dust with the pistachio blanched, finely chopped and dried. Serve it as a cake, or as a sweet serve round the remainder of the can of peaches and a little whipped cream here and there round the base.

Another peach dish is tempting. Ice cream may be used in place of whipped cream, which will serve, or a gelatin cream which is good. Peel, pit and halve ripe peaches and put each half on a small plate; fill center with chopped walnut meats, over this pour soft ice cream and scatter over with red raspberries.

PRACTICAL HINTS for the HOUSEWIFE

Salt and soda will clean tarnished brass and will sometimes clean tarnished silver.

When whitewashing, mix lime with skim milk and it will not crumble off. If you wish it colored add any paint powder.

In choosing a chicken it should be plump on the breast, fat on the back and have white legs. An old chicken is distinguished by its rough legs and long hairs found on the breast.

To prepare pineapple, cut it through the center after removing the leaves. Then take a tablespoon and scrape out the pineapple. You can prepare them quickly this way with scarcely any waste.

Flower vases often overbalance when in use, for the flowers put into them are likely to make them top-heavy. This defect is easily remedied by putting bits of lead, shot or pebbles at the bottom of the vases.

In separating the whites from the yolks of eggs one often will break the yolk into the white. In such case dip a clean cloth into warm water and wring dry. Touch the yolk with the cloth and it will cling to the cloth.

To prevent shoe laces coming undone tie the laces in the usual manner, but before tightening the bow pass its righthand loop through the knot in the center. Then draw the bow tight and it will stay tied until you pull the string to undo it.

Frames and Boxes.

That useful material, burlap, has been made up in many attractive ways in the last few years and now the needlework shops are showing desk pads, handkerchief boxes and picture frames all in burlap and embroidered with soft-colored silks.

One set was in a dark shade of green and the design was carried out in tones of wood brown. It does not take fine stitches or a great amount of work, but when the dainty little articles are finished and mounted on cardboard they are pretty and effective.

As sold in the stores such things are expensive; but why not cover a box—and there are plenty around the average house—with burlap and leave it without further elaboration? It would not soil easily and it would prove a formidable rival to the silk and tapestry affair.

Muslin for Bedroom Hangings.

The possibilities of unbleached muslin are not appreciated. This cheap material is of a mellow, creamy tone which lends itself to artistic decoration. A pretty bedroom in a newly-made bride's cottage has the walls papered with delicate pink and yellow roses upon a creamy ground while all the hangings—the window curtains, the door curtains, the bed spread, the couch and chair covers and cushions—were all of unbleached muslin finished with bands of cretonne to match the wallpaper. The room was charming.—New York Housekeeper.

Raspberry and Currant Charlotte.

Line a pie dish with very thin bread and butter, from which the crust has been cut. Put a layer of raspberries, a thick layer of sugar, and a layer of red currants picked from their stalks; next, put a layer of bread crumbs, then more fruit and sugar, till the dish is full; put some small pieces of butter on the top and cover with a layer of thin bread and butter, bake in a moderate oven for three-quarters of an hour; turn out of the pie dish on a clean dish; serve cream with it.

Tapioca and Raspberries.

Soak quarter pound of tapioca in plenty of water all night; if the water has not all soaked up the next morning, pour it away. Fill a well-buttered basin with alternate layers of tapioca, raspberries, sprinkled with powdered sugar; cover the basin with a plate, set in a dripping tin, half full of water, and bake in a moderate oven for three-quarters of an hour. When cold, turn out of basin and serve with whipped cream.

Keep Jelly from Burning.

When the jelly is put into the kettle to boil, drop into the kettle a small agate marble such as the children use to play with. This marble will keep in constant motion in the bottom of the kettle while the jelly is cooking.

Keep Needles from Rusting.

If you will keep your needles in a bottle instead of a needle book you will find that they never will get rusty. A small pill bottle with a cork to fit it is excellent for this purpose.

A SIMPLE SAFEGUARD IN BUYIN PAINT.

Everybody should know how simp and easy it is to avoid all uncertai in buying paint materials. There many so-called white leads on market, which contain chalk, zi barytes, and other cheap adulteran Unless the property owner takes vantage of the simple means of p tection afforded him by reliable wh lead manufacturers, he runs great ri of getting an inferior and adulterat white lead.

It is to protect the paint buy against fraud and adulteration th National Lead Company, the larg makers of genuine Pure White Le place their famous "Dutch Boy Pai er" trademark on every keg of th product, an absolute guarantee of p purity and quality. Anyone who wan to make a practical test of white le and who wants a valuable free bo about painting, should address N tional Lead Company, Woodbrid Bldg., New York, and ask for to equipment.

How Hammer of Death Struck Jame

The old parish church of Plumstea which has just been reopened, is pro ably at least 1,000 years old. The pi turesque churchyard, a cherishe haunt of the poet Bloomfield durin his visits to Shooter's Hill, contains n delightfully choice "derangement epitaphs." One of these, on "Mast James Darling, aged ten," teaches lesson of moderation during the pre ent cherry season to the youth of oth places besides Plumstead. Speakin from his tombstone, Master Darlin exclaims:

"The hammer of Death was give to me
For eating the cherries off the tree."

Ethergram.

Language grows apace with th victories of applied science. Co sider for a moment how many wor in the ordinary work-a-day vocab lary were unknown a quarter of century ago and are the natural pro uct of discovery and invention. Wi the perfection of wireless transmi sion of intelligence there obvious came need of a word designating message conveyed by the new metho "Ethergram" has been suggested an in fact, is being used in Great Brita If not, why not?

No Social Standing.

"What do you think, Maria?" e claimed the steel magnate. "Our s Reginald writes that he is on his we ding trip and his wife is a paragon "A Paragon?" echoed his wif "Dear me! I can't recall the name Paragon in the social register. Y must look her up at once, John, a see if Reginald has disgraced himse by marrying into an inferior family

Labor rids us of three great evil poverty, vice and ennui.—Voltaire.

Habit, if not resisted, soon becom necessity.—St. Augustine.

Telling the truth accidentally is a to be embarrassing.

Who Will Be the Fairy Prince

to Capture Rich, Beautiful and Very Particular Margaretta Drexel?

MRS. ANTHONY J. DREXEL, JR

NEW YORK.—Who is to be the lucky man?

London matrons with eligible sons, earls, barons and plain sirs, are asking each other this important question every day. Who is to be the fairy prince who is going to carry off the prize of the 1908 season, beautiful Miss Margaretta Drexel, only daughter of Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., of New York, Philadelphia and London.

To-day Miss Drexel, clever, vivacious, rich, is regarded as the star "catch" of London society. She is called the best-looking girl in London and since the marriage of Miss Jean Reid, her chum, daughter of the American ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, she takes precedence among all the American girls now in the British capital.

It may be added right here that her grandfather, the late Anthony J. Drexel, Sr., the Philadelphia banker, left an estate of $30,000,000. Fifteen years after his death it has much enhanced. Miss Drexel stands to divide it with her two brothers.

Her father, Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., inherited the bulk of the great fortune. Since then he has made his permanent residence abroad. He and Mrs. Drexel, together with their daughter, Miss Margaretta, occasionally run over to this country. They were here last winter, coming over in the Mauretania.

But to Miss Drexel—the envy of every other London girl to-day.

Her's is the beauty of the exquisite patrician type. She has great, limpid eyes of gray-blue, with long curling lashes and a complexion of ivory white, just touched with the roses of youth. Two little dimples make their homes in her cheeks and there is a tiny red mouth like Cupid's bow. She has the broad, low brow that artists delight in, all crowned with a mass of wavy chestnut hair. She is tall and slender; her perfect figure makes her the admiration of everybody wherever she goes.

Miss Drexel is not of the butterfly type. She is devoted to music; she plays the 'cello with distinct feeling. She sings with admirable technique and poise—she shows a voice that has been wondrously trained, though it has only the strength for the drawing room. Perhaps she is at her best in her own home accompanying herself on her guitar, which she plays with all the fervor and grace of the Spaniard.

More than this—the Drexels have always been devoted to the church. It was whispered when Miss Drexel was getting ready to leave the convent where she spent so many years that she would eventually take the veil. However, her parents prevailed upon her to leave this for later years—they insisted upon her seeing something of life before leaving it forever. And now—so it is said—Miss Drexel has decided that she will not forsake the world forever, but devote herself to doing her charities where she is better fitted to bestow them.

Mrs. Drexel, who was Miss Margarita Armstrong of Philadelphia, herself a beautiful matron, appreciates clothes and spends a fortune annually upon her raiment and as much more upon her daughter's.

"She would look lovely in anything," laughs London, "but when she comes out in something from Worth or Doucet or Paquin, it is little wonder that she creates a sensation."

During the London season which has now ended Miss Drexel has been the admiration of all London society. Few girls in the smartest set have ever enjoyed the buzz of admiration that has greeted her entrance into a drawing room. Few have met his majesty, the king, on such cordial terms.

Of course, Miss Drexel has had more than one eligible suitor, most of them with titles, but she remains fancy free and heart whole. She is enjoying the delights of life close to the throne with all the ardor of a young girl just out of her teens. She knows perfectly well that she mustn't be carried off with it—she has the discriminating eye of a woman much older than she is herself.

A few nights ago her mother gave a grand ball at their home in Carlton House Terrace, closing the London season there. Miss Drexel set a new fashion—she wore no jewels of any kind, though possessed of enough to ransom a king.

She was in palest blue shimmering silk. Her hair was simply parted and she looked the beautiful young girl that she was. More than one who has been in London society for years remarked that her entire costume was most befitting and appropriate to her delicate, refined beauty. Some hinted that it would be a good thing if other young girls out for their first season or so would take their hint from the American girl who had everything, and drop their tendency to vie with their mothers in their display of marvelous jewels.

At another dance given by Mrs. Drexel at which royalty was present, Miss Drexel was equally simple in her attire. She wore soft pink tulle. Scattered over it were tiny pink rosebuds; in the petals of each lay a tiny diamond dewdrop. A wreath of the same rosebuds nestled in her fair hair and in her hand she carried a bunch of little pink rosebuds. Prince Francis of Teck was her devoted admirer and Miss Drexel accepted his attentions with easy aplomb, as she did those of a full dozen of other titled eligibles.

Miss Drexel has two devoted attendants in the persons of her brothers. They have taught her to sail a boat, to golf and tennis, to bowl and keep a wicket at cricket, and to swim. Were it not for her mother's wise interference she would have taken an aerial expedition with them. They made a balloon ascension some months ago and Miss Drexel wanted to go along, but Mrs. Drexel put her foot down and that ended the matter.

The Drexels entertain lavishly on their great yacht. It is really an ocean steamer—the Margarita—and the king and queen have visited them there at Cowes and at other yachting centers. Miss Drexel has the prettiest cabin on the yacht, and its chief decoration is a signed photograph of Queen Alexandra which she gave Miss Drexel herself.

But the yacht is nothing to the great town house they has just taken for the next season in London, No. 22 Grosvenor square, in Mayfair. The Drexels have secured a seven years' lease at a rental of $20,000 a year, and move in within three months. The lease of the house of Lord Caledon, which they have occupied for several years in London, has now expired.

It is here that the Drexels, with illimitable wealth at their command, will do their most notable entertaining—chiefly for Miss Drexel. King Edward and Queen Alexandra will be there next season, and some of the affairs there will rival anything in Europe—paid for out of the great fortune made by the grandfather of Miss Drexel in the banking business.

No. 22 Grosvenor square is taken unfurnished and it is estimated that the new tenants will require to spend $500,000 to furnish it.

Mr. Drexel's ten Empire wardrobes are the pride of his home at the present time. He has one apartment filled with sixteenth century Italian chests, and one of these has etched panels attributed to Leonardo Da Vinci.

The new house is to be a marvel of taste.

The 22 bedrooms are to be furnished Louis XV. style; tapestries of rarest value are to be sought out for the halls and staircase, to hang against the white marble walls. The drawing room is of a peculiar L shape and will require a vast quantity of fine things to fill it. As it now stands the walls are undecorated, but Mr. Drexel intends to cover them with old French brocades and Italian silk tapestries in accordance with the style chosen for each room.

All this is to provide a temporary home for Miss Drexel, his only daughter. He proposes to give some great entertainments for her next year, as his Carlton House Terrace home could only permit parties of limited size.

Across the square, at No. 41, Mrs. Drexel will have her sister, Mrs. James H. Smith, widow of "Silent" Smith, which house she took from Lord Winburnholme some time ago. No. 22, however, stands alone at the junction of North Audley and Upper Brook streets. The Italian embassy is opposite, on the other corner.

It is the largest available mansion in Mayfair. It has more sleeping accommodations than Dorchester House, the home of the Reids. Thirty servants are needed for it. The mansion was in such request for great entertainments this year that the owners were obliged to refuse it to anyone until after Reginald McKenna's wedding, which was held there.

At the wedding Lady Jekyll was able to entertain 800 guests with ease in its spacious rooms. The wide marble staircase and minstrels' gallery on the mezzanine floor are special features.

ANTHONY J. DREXEL, JR

MINIATURE SPIRIT TREE.

Unique Curiosity from the Depths of Old Ocean.

Visitors to Mayor Wing's office during the past few days have been interested in a curious marine growth which occupies a prominent position on the upper ledge of the mayor's desk. The thing is a curiosity in its way, having a base of fine coral, covering a space about equal to a square foot. On one side of this growth of coral are attached two specimens of sheep's wool sponge, which had grown to the rock. But the most curious thing about the object is a tree-like growth which shoots up from the center of the coral base to a height of about 18 inches. This object is a marine plant, with a trunk like a tree, symmetrical in its proportions and with numerous branches reaching in every direction. The plant is black and looks like a tree that had been blasted by some poisonous exhalation.

The branches are very long and reach upward and upward, then droop until they touch the coral base, reminding one of the mythical spirit tree of the Polynesian, which, according to tradition, grows somewhere in the interior of the larger islands. This tree has a series of branches, covered with flowers which invite the travelers' admiration, and as the unwary victim approaches they are discovered to be tentacles which reach downward and draw him into their horrible grasp. Once thus caught, no man has ever escaped the crushing power of these alleged horrible freaks of nature, say the natives.

The onlooker familiar with the tale of this mythical tree cannot help wondering if the plant which once grew on a coral reef at the bottom of the gulf and now ornaments the desk of the mayor of Tampa is some miniature of a marine monstrosity with habits like those of the spirit tree.—Tampa Times.

CHOLERA AND THE GANGES.

Reputation of the Sacred River Defended by an Author.

The revolting customs which prevail among pilgrims to the Ganges, including promiscuous bathing by those who are well and those who are well and those who are suffering from diseases of all sorts and the drinking of water from the bathing places, make the following item from the Indian Review somewhat of a surprise.

"The reputation of the water of the Ganges among the Hindoo millions of India is known to all, and most of us were content to believe that in a hot and thirsty land like northern India such a magnificent river as the Ganges had many claims to be highly thought of; but it would appear as if modern science was coming to the aid of ancient tradition in maintaining a special blessedness of the water of the Ganges. E. H. Hankin, in the preface to the fifth edition of his excellent pamphlet on 'The Cause and Prevention of Cholera,' writes as follows:

"'Since I originally wrote this pamphlet I have discovered that the water of the Ganges and the Jumna is hostile to the growth of the cholera microbe, not only owing to the absence of food materials but also owing to the actual presence of an antiseptic that has the power of destroying this microbe. At present I can make no suggestion as to the origin of this mysterious antiseptic.'"

ARE STINGY WITH FRESH AIR.

Authorities Maintain Old Village Lockups in England.

Several villages in the Midlands possess in more or less ruined state their old parish lockups, commonly known as roundhouses, says the Sheffield Daily Telegraph.

Breedon, a Leicestershire village, close to the South Derbyshire border, possesses its lockup a quaint stone building 18 feet high and 8 feet 6 inches diameter inside. The walls are 15 inches thick. The door is of stout oak, studded with many large iron nails.

The lock is very strong and the keyhole is covered with an iron plate, which itself has to be unlocked by a spanner before the door key can be inserted. Ventilation is afforded by small holes punched in an iron plate, 6x7 inches, fixed in the center of the door. There is no window.

At Worthington, the next village to Breedon, the old lockup is a seven-sided brick building, badly in need of restoration, an opportunity for archaeologists which it is hoped will not be missed. Both at Breedon and Worthington these diminutive disused prisons are on the roadside, adjacent to the pound or pinfold, so that the constable had conveniently side by side the strayed cattle and any human rogues or vagabonds he had charge of. There are similar old lockups at Smisby and Ticknall, two villages close to Leicestershire.

The Big Noise.

Bill—Why is it the under dog in a fight should get most of the attention?

Jill—Because he's doing all the yelping!—Yonkers Statesman.

FRUIT OR DESSERT

PEAR IS DELICIOUS NO MATTER HOW SERVED.

As Preserves They Are One of the Most Popular of Winter Delicacies—Shortcake Good for Lovers of Pastry.

Bartlett pear time is at hand. The pear au naturel is best and it should not be too ripe or soft, but firm and yet mellow and rich in honeyed qualities. Of pears the Bartlett is the queen. The sweet little duchesse pears are just the fruit for a nice breakfast tidbit, and then there are new pears of strange names which the fruiterers recommend. As for the hard fall pears, their salvation lies in being baked, and stewed.

Pear preserves are a delicacy not to be despised in winter, and pickled pears with spices are one of the standbys for company occasions. Canned pears are not at all hard to make, are truly far better than anyone can buy and much cheaper in the long run.

Remarks have been made regarding the unhealthfulness of pears, and on this score let it be said that pears are more sinned against than sinning. If pears are allowed to ripen to a certain stage on the tree, are picked and eaten when one is not overtired, there is blessing in the juices and delight in the flavor. But if pears are picked green and ripen unnaturally off the tree, become lumpy and hard in spots, soft in others, and a tired, hot person bolts them unmasticated, who wonders at a rebellious ache!

The Delineator gives four ways of using pears. Of these pear shortcake will make the strongest appeal to lovers of pastry. Stew the pears with plenty of sugar and spice, and a little orange or lemon juice, to bring out the flavor. When cooked very tender, press through a colander, add such additional seasoning as may seem necessary, and spread the sauce liberally over some old-fashioned shortcake crust. To make the latter, take two cupfuls of flour, a teaspoonful of lard and sufficient sweet milk to make the dough. Mix thoroughly, and bake until the crust is brown and crisp; then split it through the center, butter it generously, and cover with the fruit.

Baked stuffed pears is another dish that invariably meets with a favorable reception. For this purpose only the larger pears should be selected. Peel and core them, and stuff the centers with a paste composed of dates, figs and chopped nut meats. Bake them until they are tender, keeping just enough water in the pan to make it impossible for them to burn. Serve with sweetened whipped cream.

Pears make quite as good dumplings as apples, when covered with a biscuit crust and baked, or they may be served as fritters by being dipped in batter and fried in deep fat.

Pear charlotte may be made with cooking pears. Peel, core and mince six large pears and cook them with a teacupful of powdered sugar and the peel of half a lemon, but with as little water as possible. As soon as the moisture has been reduced, but before there has been time for the fruit to dissolve, move the pan farther from the fire, extract the lemon peel, add marmalade and cool. Line a buttered charlotte mold with paste, fill with the pear and apricot mixture, affix the top crust, and bake for about 35 minutes, or until browned in a hot oven. Serve with a sauce flavored with apricot jam.

Easily Cooked Dinner.

Take a two gallon butter jar, one that is as wide as it is high. Wash the roast, season to taste, place into the jar "dry," with no water whatever. Have a good cover, weighted heavily, to keep the steam in. Place the jar on an asbestos mat over a slow coal fire or gas burner at 9:30 a. m. without a second thought about your roast until noon, and you will find it beautifully done. The gravy juice is golden brown and ready for thickening while the potatoes are boiling.

No gravies compare in flavor and smoothness to this kind. Even the cheapest cuts of meats become tender and delicious with this treatment and the process needs no "watching" or "basting" at any time.

The estimates for cooking are as follows: Beef, 30 to 40 minutes; pork, 20 to 30; lamb, 20 to 25; chicken, 30 to 35; tame duck, 40 to 60; wild duck, 30 to 40.

Cleaning White Paint.

Hot water and soap give a yellowish tinge to white paint. To avoid this make a lather of hot water and a mild pure white soap, and use it after it becomes lukewarm. It is also a benefit to the paint to go over it again with perfectly clear water and a clean cloth, removing any suggestion of soapiness, as all soap is more or less yellowing if allowed to remain on either paint or clothes.

Glove Mending.

Use silk or cotton thread as nearly as possible the color of glove. Sew all around the torn place a buttonhole stitch, not too fine, then put needle through each stitch on opposite side and draw together. The glove will look well and torn places will last till glove is worn out.

To Fill Floor Cracks.

Cracks in floors may be neatly but permanently filled by thoroughly soaking newspapers in paste made of half a pound of alum mixed and boiled. The mixture will be about as thick as putty and may be forced into the crevice with a case knife. It will harden like papier mache.

Tender Roasts.

To keep roasts from burning and make them tender and palatable place a small pan of vinegar in the oven. This applies to all roasts. To keep a fish compact and solid while baking pour over a good sized fish about three tablespoonfuls of vinegar.

To Finish Armholes.

Instead of binding, French seaming, or overcasting just stitch armhole twice and trim off close to second stitching. This is less work, but at the same time neat.

Flavor of Canned Goods.

Canned fruits and vegetables should be removed from their tins or glasses several hours before using and left in a large flat dish where the air can reach them freely. This is said to do away with a certain peculiar flavor, or rather to restore the natural flavor to the canned goods.

Strong Food for Baby.

Bread, cheese and beer was the supper given to a three-months-old baby, it was stated in a case at Brentford (London) police court.

HAVE EGG-SHAPED HEAD.

Queer Fashions Among the Natives of the New Hebrides.

The egg-shaped heads of some of the natives of Malekula, in the New Hebrides, were once thought to be naturally conical. For that reason scientific men decided that the Malekulans were in the lowest rung of the human ladder, says the National Geographical Magazine.

Later it was found that the conical heads were produced as the Chinese women distorted their feet, by binding them in infancy. The egg-shaped head is still fashionable in Malekula, where some extraordinary results are achieved.

The conical shape is produced by winding strong sennit cord spirally about the heads of young babies and tightening the coils from time to time. A piece of plaited mat is first put on the head and the cord is coiled over this, so as to give it a good purchase. The crown of the head is left to develop in the upward and backward fashion that is so much admired.

One fears the poor babies suffer very much from the process. The child I saw was fretful and crying and looked as if it were constantly in pain; but the mother, forgetting for the moment her fear of the strange white woman, showed it to me quite proudly, pointing out the cords with a smile.

She had a normally shaped head herself and it seemed that she had suffered by her parents' neglect of this important matter, for she was married to a man who was of no particular account. A young girl who was standing beside her had evidently had a more careful mother, for her head was almost sugar-loaf shaped. It is interesting to know that this well-brought up young woman has married a chief.

How He Took It.

"Every bit of food on this table," said the serving lady to Lamson, as he sat down to eat at the church supper, "was cooked by your wife!"

"Oh, I don't mind," rejoined Lamson faintly; "I'm not a bit hungry, anyway!"

SALUTING A CAT.

Unusual Custom Observed by Indian Government.

In Poona, at the government house, for more than a quarter of a century, every cat which passed out of the front door at dark was saluted by the sentry, who presented arms to the terrified pussy.

It seems that in 1888 Sir Robert Grant, governor of Bombay, died in the government house, Poona, and on the evening of the day of his death a cat was seen to leave the house by the front door, and to walk up and down a particular path, precisely as the late governor had been used to do after sunset. A Hindu sentry observed and reported this to the Sepoys of his faith, and they laid the matter before a priest, who explained to them the mystery of the dogma of the transmigration of souls.

"In this cat," he said, "was reincarnated the soul of the deceased Governor Grant, and it should, therefore, be treated with the military honors due to his excellency."

As, however, the original sentry could not identify the particular cat he had seen on the evening of the day of Sir Robert's death, it was decided that every cat which passed out of the main entrance after dark should be saluted as the avatar of his excellency. Thus for over a quarter of a century every cat that passed out after sunset had military honors paid to it not by Hindu sentinels only, but—such is the infection of a superstition—by Mahometan, native, Christian and even Jewish soldiers.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Temperature Causes Trouble.

The electric locomotives used in the Simplon tunnel are troubled with excessive condensation, affecting the insulation, due to the difference in temperature in the tunnel and outside.

Few and Far Between.

An employe of a matrimonial bureau in Chicago testified on the stand that only ten photographs of men and women out of 10,000 are of sufficient merit to attract.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids Wis., Sept. 16, '08

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months.....75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President
WILLIAM J. BRYAN

For Vice-President—
JOHN W. KERN

For Representative in Congress—
WELLS M. KUGGLES

For Member of Assembly—
WM. E. WHEELAN

For District Attorney
HENRY E. FITCH

For Register of Deeds
WM. H. REEVES

For County Clerk
FRANK LEUSCHEN

For County Treasurer
FRANK STAHL

For Sheriff
MICHAEL GRIFFIN

For Clerk of the Circuit Court—
COOLE G. COTEY

For Surveyor
WM. F. CORCORAN

For Coroner
M. M. LOCHNER

Supply and Demand.

If the republican party had anything at all to do with wages it would make them uniform. Steel workers in Pennsylvania would get the same as steel workers in Illinois. If it had anything to do with wages it would not pay brick-layers in Milwaukee $5 a day and brick-layers in Denver $10 a day. If it had anything to do with wages it would not pay printers in Pittsburg $18 a week and printers in New York $30. If it had anything to do with wages farm labor in the New England states would command as much as it does in the great northwest. Wages vary in different localities because of varying conditions. In that locality where there may be a demand for one thousand workers and only five hundred are available, wages inevitably will be high. In that locality where there may be a demand for five hundred workers and one thousand workers are available, wages inevitably will be low. There is no getting away from this fact. It is the inexorable law of wages. Demand and supply infloxibly. No party can set aside this law and replace it with another. The republican party may claim, as it does, that it is the custodian of the welfare of labor, but the claim is false. It voted out of power as it should be, because it has failed to maintain prosperity, wages in the future as in the past will be determined by the old law. This ought to be plain to everybody.

Unions Favor Bryan.

The central federated union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, indorsed this resolution on Saturday in New York.

"At a special meeting it was resolved that we pledge our support to the president of the American Federation of Labor and the executive board of the same by our votes to defeat the Republican party, which was responsible for the drastic action taken against labor's just demands.

"We pledge, further, our support to William J. Bryan and the Democratic party in the coming election for protecting organized labor by inserting in their platform a labor recommendation and pledging its support to the same."

The Tribune for 25 Cents.

From the present time until the end of the campaign, the Grand Rapids Tribune and The Commoner will be sent to any address for 25 cents. The Tribune is the only English democratic paper published in Wood county. Send in 25 cents and your address, and the Tribune will be sent to you.

—FOR SALE—A seven room house and lot and one half land, 7 blocks from Dixon Hotel. $2250. This is a great bargain and must be sold at once. Inquire at this office.

LOW FARES WEST.

—Via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Low fares every day, September 1 to October 31, to points in California and the Pacific Northwest. $33 for one-way second class ticket from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane, Victoria, Vancouver and many other points. Choice of routes. Low fares from all stations on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

Liberal stop-over arrangements. $7 for double berth in tourist sleeper from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. This is a splendid opportunity to investigate the agricultural and commercial openings now offered along the Pacific Coast Extension of this railway. Complete information free. F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago. 38-9-5.

BIRON

Too late for last week.

The August Kemnfert family left for Appleton Friday, where they will reside in the future. Mr and Mrs. Kemnfert and children have long made their home in this burg and their great host of friends grieves at their departure.

Mrs. Jessie Love, stenographer for the Pelm and Paper Co. is enjoying a two weeks vacation, her vacancy being filled by Miss Kate Kellogg of your city.

Miss Elsie Akey and O. De Long of Rudolph were Sunday guests of relatives in this burg.

Miss Sadie Rector, primary teacher in our school for the coming year, was in our burg Thursday.

Miss Anna Smith of your city was the guest of Miss Rose Langhlin a couple of days last week.

Steve Prusynski, who was an invalid at the Hospital for some time, is back home again and is getting along nicely.

Master Jordley Akey has been very ill but is somewhat better at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Haydock are rejoicing over the arrival of a big baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Weaver and Hattie son were the guests of relatives in Rudolph Sunday.

Lizzie and Alex Mc Grath are attending school in your city.

Miss Anna Charmley was in this place last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Charmley. She went to Pittsville Monday accompanied by Mrs. Charmley.

Little Agnes Horron was on the sick list last week.

The Babcock children are reported to be quite ill. We hope they will soon recover.

SIGEL

Victor Kronholm is spending the week at Milwaukee.

A great many from here attended the fair held at Stevens Point.

O. Holstrum is at Minneapolis where he underwent an operation last Saturday.

Hilmer Halberg visited at home a couple of days last week.

William Berg and family spent last week at the Berg home here.

Miss Gertie Anderson arrived home from Duluth last Wednesday, where she has been employed the past summer.

Miss Emma Worland left last week for Rock Island, Ill., and many of her friends accompanied her to the station at Rudolph.

A few young people from here left last week for the cranberry marsh.

Ernest Lindquist and Oscar Carlson, relatives of Alfred Carlson have bought some land beyond this place.

Abel Parson was a pleasant caller at Grand Rapids Saturday.

Best Treatment for a Burn.

If for no other reason, Chamberlain's Salve should be kept in every household on account of its great value in the treatment of burns. It allays the pain almost instantly, and unless the injury is a severe one, heals the parts without leaving a scar. This salve is also unequaled for chapped hands, sore nipples and diseases of the skin. Price, 25 cents. For sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Co.

REMINGTON.

Miss Dora Remington was a caller in Babcock last week.

Miss Rose White was visiting friends in Remington last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Damme were shopping in Babcock last week.

Mrs. A. Knudtson and Miss Rose White drove to Grammoor last Thursday.

Miss Kaye went to Grammoor Friday.

Paul Damme was a business caller at the W. H. Remington home Friday.

Carl Marvin took dinner at the W. H. Bowden's home Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Bowden was a caller in Babcock Thursday.

Roy Knudtson drove to Babcock Tuesday.

Joe James was a caller in Babcock last week.

A. Reinhardt who recently purchased land in this locality, is making rapid improvements by ditching and clearing. All this part of the country needs is a few more men of his calibre.

James Bowden and Miss Cordelia Richards drove to Grammoor Saturday evening.

MEEHAN.

Frank Winkler and family and Mrs. J. W. Pettis attended the Stevens Point fair Wednesday.

Katie Bornian is working for Mrs. John Clausen.

Oren Clemlenning returned home from North Dakota last week. He says Wisconsin is good enough for him.

There was a large crowd at the Sunday School picnic Saturday and all seemed to have a very good time.

Esther Harrom of Biron visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Munger from Friday till Monday and attended the picnic.

The Flatoff Saloon will open next Saturday evening with free beer, and Joe Green will give a ball. Tickets for dances 50 cents, supper, 50 cents per couple.

VESPER.

Mrs. Wm. Schmidt, who has been visiting at Wm. Doerings, left for her home in Watertown last Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Stahl and children left last Friday for Watertown, Waukesha and Milwaukee where they will visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Wm. Doering is very sick.

The steel for the new bridge across the Hemlock river in Vesper arrived last Saturday via C. M. and St. P. Ry.

Rain rain, rain is all the cry in Vesper. Vesper has been fighting forest fires for several days last week. Last Friday the fire nearly got into Vesper and the people are wishing it would rain to kill the fires.

For a Sprained Ankle.

A sprained ankle may be cured in about one-third the time usually required, by applying Chamberlain's Liniment freely and giving it absolute rest. For sale by the Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

Mike Duke, the man who was on the green carpet some time ago on account of the Kellogg fire, has now got himself in serious trouble, the charge against him being grand larceny, specifically the stealing of clothing worth $22.50. Mike Duke has been working on the new drainage system since the work started a month ago, but he made up his mind to quit the town last Monday, taking along a suit of clothes, pair of shoes, hat, etc., together with $1.57 in change, belonging to Tony Steinos, another sewer laborer. The clothes having disappeared simultaneously with Mike, the matter was investigated and it was discovered that the man had boldly walked from the Grand View hotel with the clothes on his arm Monday afternoon. Just out of the village he took off his old clothes and put on the new ones and started up the track. At about eight o'clock in the evening Sheriff Welsh was notified and he found that the man had been seen going up the track at about seven o'clock. Securing a railroad velocipede the sheriff set out after Duke and overtook him near Junction City. Tuesday morning he was brought to Nekoosa for a hearing before Justice Helke. He waived examination and was bound over to circuit court for trial at the October term.

Charles E. Brooks passed away at his home last Sunday afternoon at five o'clock, death being caused by a cancer with which he had been afflicted for the past three years. About three years ago a cancer appeared on his lower lip and he submitted to an operation which apparently was successful, but some time later it reappeared and he underwent another operation. A cancer broke out on his neck some time later and about eight months ago this was operated on, but the operation was unsuccessful and it was this latter cancer that finally caused his death after months of suffering.

A gasoline stove exploded in the McKaorn home in the Monier building last Friday at about noon considerable damage being done to the interior of the building and a part of the household goods was destroyed. Mrs. McKearn had just lit the stove and passed into another room when there was a flash and the interior of the kitchen was a mass of flames. The fire department responded promptly to the alarm and extinguished the fire before it had time to get a start to seriously endanger the property.

Mrs. H. H. Voss and children returned on Monday from an extended visit with relatives in Iowa.

RUDOLPH

Mesdames John Ombolt, Pat Sharkey and Joe Grandshaw returned on Saturday from their Canadian visit. They report having had a most enjoyable time.

The many friends of Simeon Crotteau will be pleased to hear that he is somewhat better at this writing.

John Ombolt and son Carl gave a big chicken chowder on Sunday afternoon in Nick Ratello's grove. About fifty people from Grand Rapids attended and a large crowd from this place. In all 72 pounds of chicken were cooked which was looked after by that famous chowder cook, Tuffield Akey. There were also two good games of base ball, Rudolph winning easily from the Milladore Lumber Jacks and Thos. Foley's Colts of Grand Rapids defeating a picked team from Rudolph by a score of 2 to 3, the Colts having the Rudolph team shut out until the last inning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Kujawa have returned from a weeks visit with relatives in Milwaukee.

Misses Clara and Ida Jacoby visited over Sunday with their parents.

Miss Gertrude Akey who is attending the Training school visited over Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Selmer Hassoli spent Sunday in your city.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Sharkey are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Mose Sharkey this week.

Miss Agnes Sharkey left for her home in Merrill on Tuesday, after a weeks visit at the B. Sharkey home.

Miss Elsie Akey visited over Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. Oliver Akey visited with her sister, Mrs. Grasshorn, over Sunday in Junction City.

BIRON

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Witte of your city were the guests of relatives and friends in this burg Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beck and children are attending the fair at LaCrosse. They will also visit the latter's parents while there.

Mrs. Watson of Cadotte, Wis., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Kellogg at present.

Misses Rose Langdlin and Bertha Akey visited the Training School last week.

Many of our people attended the funeral of Mina Herron last week.

Misses Berna Schlatterer and Ruth Heine of your city visited little friends in this burg Sunday.

Mrs. Curtis Crotteau and little daughters, Marie and Lorinda, visited with Mrs. Richards and family in your city Wednesday.

The opening of our school has been postponed until next Monday, Sept. 21st. Our school opening has been delayed considerably due to the addition of another department which was not completed in time.

O. Rocheleau and family have rented the Kempfert farm and are now nicely settled.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Atwood have moved up to the Rocheleau farm and the house vacated by them is being occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Oliver DeMars who previously resided in your city.

Harry Kempfert spent the greater part of last week with his friends here before leaving for his new home at Appleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff DeMars and children spent Sunday in your city.

Of Interest to Many.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Johnson & Hill Co. and Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Notice of Application for Proof of Will

State of Wisconsin, in Wood county, County Court.—In Probate.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of August Barrow, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument, in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of August Barrow, deceased, late of the town of Sherry said county, has been filed in this office;

And Whereas, application has been made by Mary Barrow praying that the same be proven and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that an administrator with the will annexed be granted thereon according to law;

It is ordered, that said application be heard before this Court, at a regular term thereof, to be held at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, Wood county, on the 6th day of October A. D. 1908 at 10 o'clock, A. M.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order, for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway, County Judge.

Dated Sept. 8, 1908.
9 9 9-23

Notice of Application for Final Settlement.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John R. Jarvis, deceased.

On reading and filing the application of James W. Jarvis, administrator of the estate of John R. Jarvis, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered the said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the account of his administration, and for the residue of the said estate to be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same;

It is ordered, That said application be heard before this court, at a regular term thereof to be held at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 6th day of October, 1908, at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place for examining and allowing said account and assigning the residue of said estate, be given to all persons interested by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in said county, before the day fixed for said hearing.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1908.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge.

9 9 9-9-23-08

A. Hamm—I never was cut out for society parts anyway.

R. Otten—But you had your appendix removed.

Council Proceedings.

Continued From Last Week

Chas. Haunoman	260	hrs.	@	17½c hr.	hr.	$ 45 50
Ed. Manske	116	"	"	"	"	20 30
Henry Hake & team	186	"	"	35	"	65 10
Nick Ernser	151	"	"	17½c	"	26 43
Geo. Kiley	100	"	"	"	"	17 50
J. B. Passoneau	260	"	"	"	"	45 50
Wm. Goldberg & team	244	"	"	35	"	85 40
Fred Panter & team	79	"	"	"	"	27 65
Christ Thompson	250	"	"	17½c	"	43 75
Chas. Margenson & team	68	"	"	35	"	23 15
Herman Wuttke	76	"	"	17½c	"	13 30
Albert Hahn	65	"	"	"	"	11 35
Wm. Dahlke	17	"	"	45	"	7 65
Henry Goldberg & team	135	"	"	35	"	47 25
O. Swift	15	"	"	17½c	"	2 63
Frank Henry	10	"	"	"	"	1 75
					Total	$ 485 41

Labor for August (East Side)

Wm. Hagerstrom	260	hrs.	@	17½c pr	hr.	$ 45 50
W. J. Dickson & team	75	"	"	35	"	61 25
Stell Jagodjinski & team	213½	hrs.	@	35c per	hr.	81 73
Ike Mendow	238	"	"	17½c	"	41 65
Louis Opperud	243	"	"	"	"	42 53
Aug. Wittenberg	85	"	"	"	"	14 88
Paul Parkson	138	"	"	"	"	24 15
Alfred Doughby	153	"	"	"	"	26 75
James Wheelock	65	"	"	"	"	11 38
					Total	$ 349 85

Labor for August (West Side)

William Fahl	143	hrs.	@	20c	"	$ 29 40
M. W. Compton	147	"	"	17½c	"	25 73
Claude Cranco	133	"	"	"	"	23 10
Fred Loock	147½	"	"	"	"	25 73
Ed. Collett	17	"	"	"	"	2 98
Emile Kamps	142	"	"	"	"	24 85
John Pawloski	27	"	"	"	"	4 73
Fred Pater	27	"	"	"	"	4 73
Fred Sowatsky	107	"	"	"	"	18 73
Ray Starr	125	"	"	"	"	21 88
Dan Reichel	122	"	"	"	"	21 35
Aug. Kraske	7	"	"	"	"	1 23
Will Dickman	100	"	"	"	"	17 50
Ed. Manski	130	"	"	20c	"	26 00
Will Keyes	110	"	"	17½c	"	19 25
John Loock	130	"	"	"	"	22 75
Mike Corcoran	10	"	"	"	"	1 75
Charley Corcoran	70	"	"	5	"	3 50
George Kiley	157	"	"	25	"	39 25
Lyman Kendall	105	"	"	17½c	"	18 38
Otto Johnson	115	"	"	"	"	20 13
Ed. Closuit	90	"	"	"	"	15 75
David McGowan	100	"	"	"	"	17 50
Wm. Zamrow	105	"	"	"	"	18 38
Peter Frohnen	85	"	"	"	"	14 88
Fred Styter	20	"	"	"	"	3 50
Stephen Dunphey	80	"	"	"	"	14 00
Alonzo Swift	80	"	"	"	"	14 00
Henry Goldberg & team	15	"	"	35	"	5 25
Henry Staingh	20	"	"	17½c	"	3 50
Max Zamrow	60	"	"	5	"	3 00
Paul Zamrow	40	"	"	17½c	"	7 00
Frank Henry	5	"	"	"	"	88
John Whitbrock & team	20	"	"	35	"	7 00
Paul Loock	10	"	"	17½	"	1 75
James Snyder	20	"	"	"	"	3 50
Chas. Bowen	10	"	"	"	"	1 75
					Total	$ 566 34

Louis Gustack	130	hrs.	@	17½c	per hr.	$ 22 75
Paul Gustack	120	"	"	"	"	21 00
Frank Parzys	90	"	"	"	"	15 75
John Kujawa	100	"	"	"	"	17 50
W. J. Dickson & team	1	"	"	"	"	35
Stell Jagodjinski & team	1	"	"	"	"	35
A. S. Norton	100	"	"	17½c	"	17 50
Mat Harzinski	41½	"	"	22½c	"	9 34
Albert Hahn	88¼	"	"	"	"	19 91
George Wilhers	50	"	"	17½c	"	8 75
Julius Koch	10	"	"	"	"	1 75
					Total	$ 134 95

Labor on Cleveland St. Sewer (August.)

Claude Cranco	60	hrs.	@	17½c	per hr.	$ 10 50
George Kundert	60	"	"	"	"	10 50
Mat Harzinski	30	"	"	"	"	5 25
Wm. Fahl	60	"	"	"	"	10 50
					Total	$ 36 75

Labor on ditch.

Herman Wuttke	37	hrs.	@	17½c	per hr.	$ 6 48
Albert Hahn	37	"	"	"	"	6 48
Aug. Kraske	37	"	"	"	"	6 48
John Kostusiak	37	"	"	"	"	6 48
						$ 25 92

Labor on Ditch.

Herman Wuttke	131	hrs.	@	22½c	per hr.	$ 29 48
John Kostusiak	130	"	"	20	"	26 00
Albert Hahn	41½	"	"	17½	"	7 26
Aug. Kraske	130	"	"	"	"	22 75
Aug. Wittenberg	103	"	"	"	"	18 00
John Pawloske	120	"	"	"	"	21 00
E. Raymond	95	"	"	"	"	16 63
Carl Nentzel	130	"	"	"	"	22 75
W. J. Dickson & team	3½	"	"	35	"	1 23
Stell Jagodjiaski & team	3½	"	"	"	"	1 23
Henry Goldberg & team	5	"	"	"	"	1 75
Zach Benoist	58	"	"	17½c	"	10 15
Henry Lucier	30	"	"	25	"	7 50
Albert Wuttke	70	"	"	5	"	3 50
Matt Harzinski	60	"	"	17½c	"	10 50
Ford. Frank	30	"	"	"	"	5 25
						$ 235 88

Labor on 4th Ave, Sewer (August)

J. D. Smith, Supplies	$ 15 14
Johnson & Hill Co., Supplies	73 32
Greisbach Bros., Repairing	15 87
Wisconsin valley Leader, Legal Blanks, etc	20 00
Stange-Ellis Lbr. Co., 1 load wood for Frank Prodel	2 00
First National Bank August Interest	73 80
Mrs. John Daly, 123½ ft. curbing @ 10c per ft	12 35
D. S. Philleo, 98 ft. curbing @ 10c	9 80
Geo. W. Baker, 136 ft. curbing @ 10c	13 60
Grand Rapids Fed. Women's Clubs, painting & repairing waste baskets	$ 80
John Garthee, fare to Wausau for Joe Miller	85
Geo. Baker, burying drowned pig	1 50
John Rasmusson, 360 ft. cement sidewalk along city lot on Baker street @ 9c	27 00
Northern Bank & Office Supplies Co., 300 blanks	1 50
H. C. Miller Co., 2 dockets	24 50
Hoffman & Billings Co., water-works supplies	6 00
J. B. Grignon, collecting dog license 20½ days @ $1.75	35 87
John Jung, painting & Repairing pumping station roof	3 00
Sam Parker 22 days @ $1.75 as Wood Com	38 50
Drumb & Sutor, printing council proceedng, etc	31 05
Joe Wheir, Jr., Livery hire	4 00
Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co., supplies	186 00
Centralia hdw. Co., supplies	184 52
Electric & Water Co., City lighting	314 24
Election Booth expenses	58 00
Election Officer's Salaries for Registration & Primary election	241 00
Electric & Water Co., City Pumping	325 00
Total	$1117 76
Total of Bills for August	$2861 86

The Board of Public Works reported that, in response to the advertisement for bids for the construction of water mains on Fourth Ave., and Grant Street, they had received the bid of W. T. Jones for construction of the water mains at $.48 per lineal foot and an additional charge of $4.00 per cubic yard for rock excavation, and had also received the bid of the Grand Rapids Plumbing & Heating Company for said works for the sum of $.48 per lineal foot and $.20 per cubic foot for rock excavation.

On motion, by ananimous vote, the Clerk calling the roll, the Board of Public Works were authorized to accept either of said bids or reject both and to have the work constructed as they deemed advisable.

The following report of the City Treasurer for the month of August was received and ordered spread upon the minutes and filed,

"Grand Rapids, Wis., Sept. 1, 1908.

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council City of Grand Rapids, Wis.

Gentlemen:

I hereby respectfully submit the report of my office the month of August 1908.

Aug. 1, 1908 in bank		$3552 74
Aug. 15, 1908 Rec'd from John Henry for cleaning sidewalk for A. L. Arpin last winter	1 25	
Aug. 18, 1908 Rec'd from E. P. Arpin milk license	50	
Rec'd from Nick Ernser milk license	50	
Aug. 28, 1908 Rec'd from C. E. Boles		
Holly Show license	$ 5 00	
Dog License	50 25	
Skerbeck Circus license & grounds	8 00	
A. D. T. & T. Co., labor moving poles	5 25	
		68 50
		$3653 49
Orders paid by bank		$3653 48
Balance		01
Orders paid and held by bank at close of business Aug. 31, 1908		$15,074 47

Respectfully submitted.
SAM CRUNCH, City Treas."

Motion made and seconded that when the Council adjourn it do adjourn until Wednesday, Sept. 9th, at 8:00 p. m.

On motion, the Council adjourned.

C. E. BOLES, Clerk. F. POMAINVILLE, Mayor.

A Traveling Man's Experience.

"I must tell you my experience on an East bound O. R. & N. R. R. train from Pendleton to Le Grande, Ore., writes Sam A. Garber, well known traveling man. "I was in the smoking department with some other traveling men when one of them went out into the coach and came back and said, 'There is a woman sick unto death in the car. I at once got up and went out, found her very ill with cramp colic; her hands and arms were drawn up so you could not straighten them, and with a deathlike look on her face. Two or three ladies were working with her and giving her whiskey. I went to my suit case and got my bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy (I never travel without it), ran to the water tank, put a double dose of the medicine in the glass, poured some water into it and stirred it with a pencil; then I had quite a time to get the ladies to let me give it to her, but I succeeded. I could at once see the effect and I worked with here rubbing her hands, and in twenty minutes I gave her another dose. By this time we were almost into Le Grande where I was to leave the train. I gave the bottle to the husband to be used in case another dose should be needed, but by the time the train ran into Le Grande she was all right, and I received the thanks of every passenger in the car." For sale by the Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Uncle Joe White of Vesper was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

Dr. Karl Doege of Marshfield was a professional visitor in the city on Monday.

Herman Scheel of Wausau is a guest of his cousin F. F. Schultz for a few weeks.

O. W. Dodge of Port Edwards was in the city on Saturday attending to some business matters.

Guy R. Wood, W. J. Conway and Dr. A. L. Ridgman made a trip to Plainfield on Sunday.

Bob Mendo departed on Monday for Marinette where he will visit friends for the ensuing week.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Philleo of Tomahawk visited with relatives in the city the past week.

—Woolens will not shrink if washed with Galvanic Soap and cold water according to directions.

Attorney R. E. Andrews of Marshfield transacted some legal business at the court house on Tuesday.

Herman Korsten and wife of Wausau spent several days in the city last week at the F. F. Schultz home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Saeger and children spent Sunday at the August Stahl home in the town of Hansen.

Mrs. John Harrison, a former resident of this city, died at her home at Junifery, Minn., Sept. 1st, of cancer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Ellis left last week for the east, expecting to be absent several weeks visiting points of interest.

Clarence Jackson left on Monday for Appleton where he will attend Lawrence University during the coming year.

Evan Roberts, one of the solid farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at this office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gurtler and children returned on Saturday from a weeks visit with relatives in Milwaukee.

and have it close enough to the railroad track so that they can ship material and manufactured products out with facility.

Mrs. Jane Granger returned on Saturday from Minneapolis where she spent the past eight weeks visiting with her daughter.

Geo. N. Wood and T. E. Mullen spent Sunday at Wausau where they went to take in the ball games between Wausau and Green Bay.

Ray Love, traveling freight agent for the Monon route, was in the city on Monday attending to some business matters and shaking hands with his numerous friends.

Mrs. Charlotte Lynn-Campbell will give her concert at the Lincoln high school on Wednesday evening, September 16. Lovers of good music should not fail to attend.

E. L. Baumgardner of Stoughton, arrived in the city last week to visit his brother-in-law, J. T. Schumacher for a time. Should Mr. Baumgardner like the city he may decide to locate here.

Dan Reichel and Leo Rumsey returned on Sunday from Sturgeon Bay where they had spent a week in making a trip around the peninsula by boat. They report a very pleasant outing.

Rev. Mr. Clark will speak to the Rebekahs and Odd Fellows Sept. 20 at the Baptist Church, this being the Rebekah anniversary. All Rebekahs are requested to meet at I. O. O. F. Hall at 10 o'clock sharp Sunday morning.

Neal Brown of Wausau, democratic nominee for U. S. Senator, stopped in the city on Thursday while on his way home from Wausau and made a short speech from the west side band stand to a large crowd that had assembled there to hear him.

The remains of Mrs. Archie Muir of March Rapids, were brought to this city last Wednesday and interred in Forest Hill cemetery, services being held at the Episcopal church by Rev. C. B. Blakeslee. Mrs. Muir was the mother of Mrs. Ed Morrill of this city and was well known here by a number of our people.

During the hot weather and high winds of last week there was some talk of getting out the fire apparatus and wetting down the buildings and streets about town. As it would be necessary to use the fire engine and a long stretch of hose the firemen concluded that it would be better to keep the teams close to the engine house and have everything in readiness in case a fire started anywhere.

L. W. Prentiss, who resides about three miles from Valley Junction, was in the city on Monday circulating a petition among our people for the purpose of securing aid. Mr. Prentiss lost nearly all of his possession in the cyclone of July 3, 1907, and received some injuries himself that incapacitated him for some time.

The last of the summer concerts by the band will be given on Thursday evening of next week, when the members will commence rehearsing for a series of concerts for the coming winter which will be given in the opera house. There will probably be five in the series the same as there was last year, one to be given each month, and the boys expect to furnish some good music.

S. H. Smart and Don Smart returned on Thursday from Chicago where they had spent several days looking up apparatus for their moving picture show which they expect to open in the Blodgett building on the east side in the near future. Opera chairs will be placed in the building and everything possible done to make it pleasant for theater goers.

The people of this city were treated to a sight on Friday that many of the younger generation have never before witnessed. That was a yoke of oxen hitched to a top buggy. The outfit belonged to an Adams county farmer who had come to town to do some trading and take in the sights. An ox team is quite a curiosity nowadays and when they are hitched to a top buggy they are even more unusual.

Mrs. Chas. Carberg and children spent Sunday with relatives in Nekoosa.

Mrs. Richard Evans is visiting with her parents at Hortonville this week.

Raymond McCamley of Merrill has entered the Grand Rapids Business College.

Ray Starr left on Monday for Chicago where he has accepted a position.

Mrs. M. Palmatier and family are nicely settled at 1018 W. Dayton St., Madison, Wis.

F. S. Gill has been laid up the past month with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Albert Gilmeister visited with relatives in the town of Sigel several days last week.

Miss Minnie Lucht left last week for Baraboo where she is visiting with relatives.

Miss Lydia Stange of Merrill is a guest of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Ellis, for several weeks.

Miss Mollie Muir of March Rapids is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Morrill.

J. J. Canning and W. O. McGlynn, took in the ball games at Wausau on Sunday.

Mrs. J. N. Monier and son of Tomahawk have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Philleo the past week.

Mrs. E. F. Fahl left on Saturday for Stratford where she will visit for a short time with a sister of Mr. Fahl's.

Mrs. E. T. Harmon departed for her home in Milwaukee on Thursday after spending a week with relatives in this city.

Harry Wagner will commence the erection of a residence on the property on First street recently purchased by him.

D. McVicar, the Vesper lumberman transacted business in the city on Friday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

—Remember H. W. Backers Cough Remedy cures that awful cough and sore throat. Nothing like it. All druggists.

Mrs. Jerre Doughty of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Saturday while in the city doing some shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Mathis are rejoicing over the safe arrival of a baby girl at their home, which event occurred on Saturday.

Miss Oressa C. Winslow of Stevens Point arrived in the city last week to attend the Wood county training school for the coming year.

F. J. Hanna of Colorado Springs will give a lecture on Christian Science at the Opera house on Thursday evening, October 1.

Miss Sadie Dorney of Stevens Point has been engaged by Prof. Hayward as one of the instructors in the Grand Rapids Business College.

A young Iowa doctor has discovered that the ankle is placed between the foot and knee to keep the calf away from the corn.—Ideal Power.

Prof. Boynton and Dr. Wagner who have been making this city their headquarters the past summer, departed on Monday for Chicago.

Charles Holliday returned on Friday from Chicago where he had been for several days purchasing for the fall and winter trade for the Johnson & Hill Co.

Miss Blanche Christenson of Neenah, was a guest at the Chas. Waterman home on Monday while on her way to Appleton to attend Lawrence University.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Muir of Park Falls and Mr. and Mrs. George Muir of March Rapids were here over Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Archie Muir.

John France returned on Saturday from a three weeks visit at his home in Norwich, Conn. Mr. France also visited in New York. He reports a most enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Morse were at Stevens Point on Friday where they spent a few hours at the fair. They went over in Mr. Morse's automobile and report that the fair was a good one.

Geo. Otto of Seymour was a visitor at the Chas. Bender home in Seneca over Sunday. Mr. Otto was accompanied home by his wife and children who have been visiting at the Bender home for several weeks.

George Compton of Omro, who was called here to attend the funeral of his mother, returned to his home on Saturday accompanied by his father D. W. Compton, who will visit with him for some time.

Contractor Herman Abel returned on Saturday from Elm Lake where he has completed the erection of a large cranberry building for the Elm Lake Cranberry Co. The structure is 36x66 and is three stories high.

The new front is being placed in the Wood County drug store and when the work is completed it will present a very neat appearance. A single entrance in the center will take the place of the two entrances on the sides.

The two arches of the new bridge that the Consolidated people are building across to the island were completed last week and since then the masons have been at work on the approaches. The bridge already begins to present a handsome appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hirzy started on their trip home last Saturday, the 12th instant and it is expected that they will arrive here some time during the latter part of the month, altho the exact date cannot be given, as Mr. Hirzy expects to stop a short time in New York and Chicago to do some buying for his store.

Members of the Improvement association report that they have as yet been unable to make any settlement for the properties owned by Harvey Gee and Saul Preston, these being the only two pieces of property that have been unable to obtain to finish out their park plan. It is probable that the matter will be turned over to the city, and the property condemned the interested parties being unable to agree on a price.

Mrs. F. W. Genrich of Wausau visited in the city a few days last week.

Dr. J. A. Jackson of Rudolph was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

John Nash of Nekoosa was in the city on Saturday shaking hands with his numerous friends.

Miss Grace Nowatney is employed at the Lucht sisters millinery parlors during the fall rush.

Mr. and Mrs. John Boethke departed on Friday for a two weeks visit with relatives near Waukesha.

Bert McDonald left on Monday for Ripon where he will take up his studies in the college the coming season.

Andrew King departed on Tuesday for Pittsville where he will spend several days in the interest of the E. F. U. lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Williams and children of Bruce were guests of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Williams during the past week.

Leo Ramsey left on Tuesday for Appleton, it being his intention to enter Lawrence University for the coming year.

Miss Luella Jackson is teaching in the kindergarten department of the Wausau schools having taken up her work there last week.

—LOST—A brown water spaniel, 4 months old. White spot on breast, answers to name of Nell. Return to Aug. John, West side.

Dan Reichel expects to leave the latter part of the week for Platteville where he will specialize in mineralogy during the coming year.

Mrs. Ward Waterman returned to her home in Sturgeon Bay on Saturday after spending two weeks in the city visiting with relatives.

Misses Vida and Vella Reilly left on Thursday for Madison where they expect to spend a couple of weeks visiting with relatives and friends.

Hugh Goggins left last week for Milwaukee and intended to go from there to Ripon where he will enter college again for the ensuing year.

Mr. and Mrs. Hally Brooks of Green Lake, spent Sunday in the city, guests at the Gilkey home. They returned to Green Lake on Monday.

Ferdinand Phillips, of West Allis, a former resident of Rudolph was in the city on Thursday transacting business while at Rudolph looking after his farm.

Mrs. V. Meskan and daughter, Mrs. Jake Blaha, of Chicago returned to their home on Thursday after a two weeks visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mazur.

Rev. Richard Evans departed on Tuesday for Neenah where he will attend the Methodist conference of the Appleton district which will be in session the remainder of the week.

John Shenock, who lives near the furniture factory is nursing a badly bruised face and a swollen foot which he secured by falling off his bicycle on Thursday while on his way to work at Biron.

Wm. Shirley of the town of Hansen was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Friday while in the city on business. Mr. Shirley reports that he has not raised a very good crop this year, the early part of the season being very wet, while the latter part has been excessively dry.

M. Weeks, who has had charge of the Wausau electric plant for a number of years past, has been engaged by the directors of the Electric and Water Company to take charge of the plant here. Mr. Weeks has had many years experience in the electric business and should prove a good man with the plant here.

A new cement walk has been laid in front of the opera house and makes quite an improvement in the appearance of things. The interior work on the opera house has also been carried forward as rapidly as possible and a show will be held there on the 17th, altho the work will not be near complete at that time.

Mrs Elizabeth Daly will commence the erection of a residence this week on property recently purchased from Mrs. Wm. Shea. The building will be 32x36 feet and will be modern in every respect, and the work of erection will be under the supervision of Herman Abel.

F. Beadle, the all around handy man, expects to move in the near future to the Miss M. A. Gordon building on Baker street, being compelled to vacate his present quarters on the west side on account of the fact that the building will be torn down.

Walter Dickson has purchased the Catherine Townsend farm in the town of Rudolph consisting of 120 acres. The property is located just across from the Catholic church and is very nicely situated. Mr. Dickson expects to move there with his family in the near future.

James Garrett of Vesper was a business visitor in the city on Saturday. Mr. Garrett, who is an enthusiastic Bryan man, says the boys at Vesper are organizing a Bryan club and that Bryan men out that way this fall are as plentiful as the pine stumps.

Almond Press—Frank Carey, traveling representative of the Reiland Packing Co., of Grand Rapids, was here Monday.—Earl Weeks, foreman of the printing department of the Grand Rapids Reporter, and who has been a Berlin visitor for a few days, returned home Sunday. While passing thru this village he met and shook hands with a number of friends.—R. A. Weeks, the well known Grand Rapids marble man, who furnished the Bedford stone for the new Portage County Bank building, was a business visitor in this village last week.—Mr. and Mrs. K. L. Thompson, of Grand Rapids, visited at the home of their son, D. E. Thompson, over Sunday.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

Council Proceedings.

Council Rooms, Sept. 9, 1908.

Council met in adjourned session. Mayor Pomainville presiding. Present: Aldermen A. D. Hill, Bamberg, Ellis, Briere, Panter, Roenius, Lukaseski, Gilmaster, Jackson, Ristow, G. M. Hill and Payne—12. Absent, Aldermen Steib, Sampson, Rossier and Lyon—4.

On motion, by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll, the Clerk was authorized to draw orders for the labor on the Eighth Street sewer for the month of September, the sewer being completed.

The bill of the Grand Rapids Plumbing and Heating Company for $835.53, for the construction of the water main through the Stange-Ellis Lbr. Company's yard, was presented.

Motion made and seconded that the charge for rock excavation in the Grand Rapids Plumbing and Heating Company's bill be allowed at $1.76 per cubic yard instead of a $2.75 per cu. yd., in full settlement of their claim under that item. Motion carried by unanimous vote, the Clerk calling the roll.

Motion made and seconded that the total bill of the Grand Rapids Plumbing & Heating Co. be allowed at $719.53 in full settlement under their contract. Motion carried by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll.

Ordinance No. 121, providing for the opening and extending of a drain, ditch or canal and highway within the corporate limits of the City of Grand Rapids, was presented and motion made and seconded that the same be adopted. Motion lost by the following vote, the Clerk calling the roll. Ayes.—Ellis, Roenius, Gilmaster, Jackson, G. M. Hill—5. Nayes.—A. D. Hill, Bamberg, Briere, Panter, Lukaseski, Ristow and Payne—7.

Alderman A. D. Hill moved that the vote on the proposed ordinance be reconsidered. Motion seconded and carried by the following vote, the Clerk calling the roll. Aves—A. D. Hill Bamberg, Ellis, Roenius, Jackson, G. M. Hill and Payne—7. Nayes—Briere Panter Lukaseski Gilmaster and Ristow—5.

Motion made and seconded that the ordinance be adopted and that the Mayor appoint a committee of three to report back to the Council upon the manner in which the work should be done. On roll call the vote resulted as follows: Aves—A. D. Hill Ellis Roenius Jackson G. M. Hill and Payne—6. Nayes—Bamberg Briere Panter Lukaseski Gilmaster and Ristow—6. The ordinance was adopted by the Mayor voting aye.

(Same may be seen in legal form.)

The Mayor appointed the following aldermen as a committee provided in the previous motion: Alderman Briere, Jackson and Gilmaster.

Moved and seconded that the Clerk be instructed to purchase a loose leaf ledger for the office of the Supt. of the water-works. Motion carried.

Moved and seconded that when the Council adjourn it do adjourn until Monday, Sept. 28, 1908, at 8:00 p. m.

Moved and seconded that the Council adjourn. Motion lost.

There was presented the resignation of P. Mulroy as a member of the Board of Review and, on motion, the resignation was accepted.

On motion, Geo. T. Rowland was elected as a member of the Board of Review to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of P. Mulroy.

On motion, the sidewalk along the westerly side of Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Block 16; of Neeves First and Second Addition to the City of Grand Rapids was declared unsafe and defective and ordered removed. On motion, the Council adjourned.

C. E. Boles, Clerk. F. Pomainville, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 121.

An ordinance to open, construct and extend a drain, ditch or canal and highway within the corporate limits of the city of Grand Rapids.

The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County Wisconsin, do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That a drain, ditch or canal be and hereby is opened, constructed and extended from such a point on the South line of Section number thirteen (13), Township number twenty-two (22) North, Range number five (5) East, as is intersected by Boles Creek; thence West to the West, North and South eighth line of said Section number thirteen (13); thence North along said eighth line to the South East corner of the North West quarter (N. W. ¼) of the North West quarter (N. W. ¼) of said Section number thirteen (13), to the South East corner of said forty; thence north on the north and south quarter line of Section said number thirteen (13), and on the north and south quarter line of said Section number Twelve (12); same town and range, to the center of said section twelve (12); thence East on the east and west quarter line of said Section Twelve (12) to the East section line of said section twelve (12); thence North on the range line between ranges number Five (5) and six (6), said Town, to the South East corner of the North East quarter (N. E. ¼) of the North East quarter (N. E. ¼) of Section number One (1), Township number Twenty-two (22) North, Range number Five (5) East; in accordance with plan drawn by city engineer, now on file, and which said plan or profile is hereby incorporated as a part of this ordinance.

And that Boles Creek be altered, widened and straightened from where the same crosses the South Section line of said Section number thirteen (13) for such distance as may be necessary in order to carry off the water from said ditch or drain properly.

That said drain, ditch or canal be of the width of six feet at the bottom thereof, and shall be of the depth described in said plan or profile of said city engineer. That the strip of land along the entire route of said drain, ditch or canal the width of 99 feet be and the same is dedicated to the uses and purposes herein set forth, all of which strip of land, said city has acquired from the respective owners thereof by quit claim deeds.

SECTION 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Frank Pomainville, Mayor.

Passed by an affirmative vote of the Common Council of said city of Grand Rapids, this 9th day of September, A. D., 1908.

Attest:

C. E. Boles, City Clerk.

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL.

Health is Worth Saving and Some Grand Rapids People Know How to Save it.

—Many Grand Rapids people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is a Grand Rapids citizen's recommendation.

Mrs. Samuel Parker, living at 367 Eleventh St. N., Grand Rapids, Wis., says: "Mr. Parker is a great deal better in every way since using Doan's Kidney Pills. For some time he suffered from a lame back and a soreness across his loins. The secretions from his kidneys were very irregular in action and he was forced to arise many times during the night to pass them. They were also highly colored and at times contained a sediment. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, my husband procured a box and they went directly to the seat of his trouble. He has not complained of and of the symptoms since and his general health is much better."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Notice.

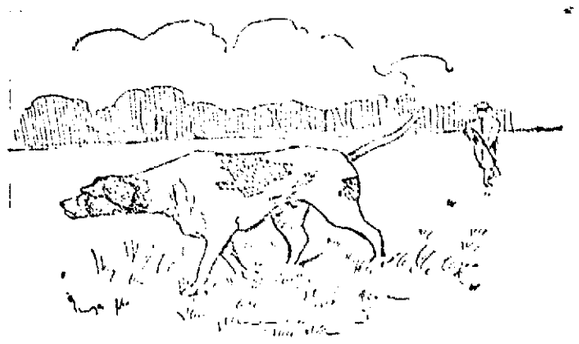
—All persons owing accounts to the firm of Halvorsen and Moberg, will please call and settle same with the new firm, Gottschall and Anderson.

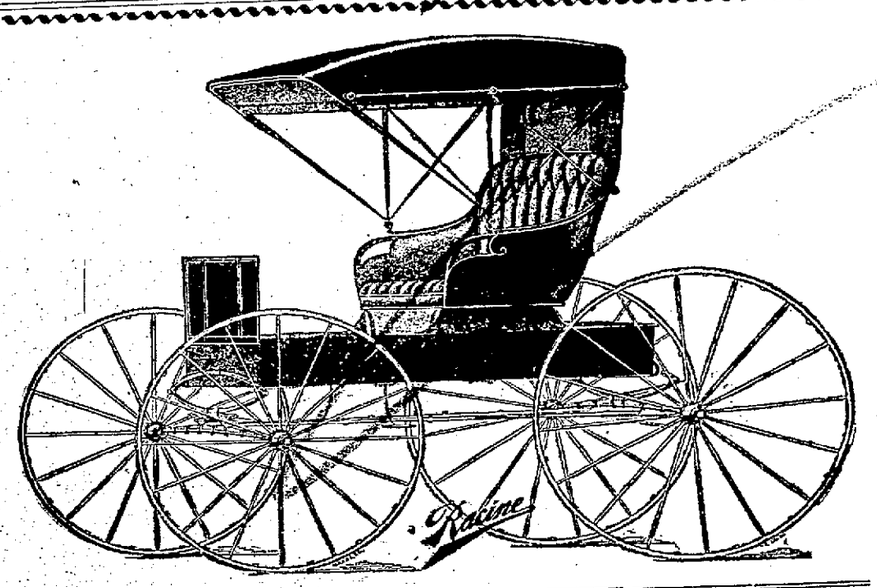
—Philadelphia Record.

Fallacious Finance.

If you had $250,425,623 to your credit in the banks, and you had notes or bonds coming due, amounting to $63,945,460 on August 1, drawing three per cent. interest, would you pay what you owe, or allow the notes to run for ten years longer? It would seem to be a plain business proposition to pay the notes and thus save two per cent. interest. The above statement of the amount of money on deposit in the banks and the bonds due on August 1, is the exact condition of the United States treasury on July 17, but it is stated that Secretary Cortelyou intends to allow the $63,000,000 of bonds to run and still draw three per cent. interest instead of paying them.

Those outstanding bonds were issued on August 1, 1898, on the three per cent. 10-20 basis, that is the government can redeem the bonds on the expiration of ten years, or can allow them to run ten years longer. Those outstanding bonds can also be refunded





Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Santo Domingo has sold her navy for $1,750, and is now defenseless.

Meanwhile the man in the moon is still looking for the coming flying machine.

Wilbur Wright has spoiled the jests of those funny Frenchmen who did not believe he could fly.

A Chicago woman shot at a burglar and hit her baby. Next time she'll know which to aim at.

Baltimore is going to abolish some 50 grade crossings at an expense of $7,000,000. Progressive Baltimore!

In view of the fact that Chicago is wasting 83,000,000,000 gallons of water a year, it is fortunate that the lake is handy by.

A New Jersey court decides that it is not unlawful for a man to swear at his wife. Perhaps not, but many find it dangerous.

The small boy sometimes gets tanned when he disobeys and goes swimming, and sometimes again when he gets home.

Chicago professors still lead in research work. One has now indicted the dove for not being gentle, and says he can prove it.

Germany's financial enthusiasm over Count Zeppelin is evidence that the value of his airship as an instrument of war is fully recognized.

That couple who were married in the lion's den in one of the amusement parks must have thought marriage was all the comic papers pictured it.

The American woman who has been awarded $1,000,000 by a decision of the French court can now choose her count or prince, unless she prefers a duke.

A man cannot make a balloon ascension in Austria without the written consent of his wife. It's getting so a man can't even get off the earth on his own responsibility.

The agricultural department has discovered rats that are afflicted with pathogenic haemogregarine hepatozoon perniciosum. This is even worse than arterio-sclerosis.

Down in Rio they figure that by 1915 there will not be any stored up surplus or visible supply of coffee in the world; but what can they tell about the chicory crop?

As a matter of fact, Christopher Columbus or some other worthy person should be standing on nearly every street corner offering passers-by a drink of water these days.

If the sultan of Turkey heeds the warning notice that he must dismiss his harem and live forthwith in European fashion, with one wife, the cost of living for him is going to be very much reduced.

A Montana brakeman was fined $800 for getting a pass for his wife and then giving it to another woman. The fine probably didn't bother him nearly so much as what his wife had to say when she heard about it.

In the advance notices Edison's new flying machine is almost as wonderful as his late storage battery which people used to sit up nights to wait for lest they should miss its first triumphal progress past a given point.

It is said that there is enough coal in Alaska to put off the fuel famine from the exhaustion of coal which had been predicted at the end of the present century. This news will be a great relief to present coal consumers who have been alarmed over what they had to expect in about 90 years.

The New York board of education is struggling with a matrimonial epidemic, which is devastating the schools. And to add to the horrors of the situation, Cupid, in defiance of the new fashionable fads, is teaching the conjugation of the verb "I'o love" in the good old-fashioned way.

The double veil has made its appearance in fashionable society, and men are complaining that they cannot recognize their women friends. It is something of an odd coincidence that just as the women of semicivilized Turkey are rejoicing in flinging off their concealing veils as disadvantages the highly civilized women of the west are adopting them.

What chance has a young man to rise in the employment of a large corporation? is a question frequently asked. Of course it depends largely on the young man; but according to a statement recently sent out by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 67 of the 85 principal officers of the company started at the bottom and worked up. A fact like this is worthy many volumes of theorizing on the subject.

Queer things are alleged to get into sausages, and perhaps the experience of a lady in Wakefield, Mass., should not cause surprise. She was eating sausage when she bit a tack and broke a front tooth. Thereupon the lady went into court, and a jury has just awarded her $2,000 damages. That is the New England spirit, says the Boston Herald. The Bostonians of prerevolutionary days made strenuous resistance to the tax on tea, and this descendant of resolute ancestors consistently draws the line at tacks in sausages.

If the bakers will make good bread out of pure flour, and educate the people to buy it, "the great destroyer of domestic happiness, dyspepsia, will be removed, and we shall hear no more of the divorce problem." So Dr. Wiley, the government food expert, told the American Biscuit Makers' association the other day. The harm done by heavy bread, soggy pie crust and greasy cakes is so great that no one has dared to estimate it. That young woman who wishes to make the world better may begin well by learning how to cook digestible meals.

It appears to be a neck-and-neck race between the aeroplane and the dirigible balloon to see which will get here first. Fortunately the science of flying has advanced so far that it is not the neck of the operator we are talking about.

Laramie, Wyo., has a blacksmith who writes poetry, says the Denver Post. We've heard of the musical blacksmith before. Also, we now know how a good deal of our magazine verse is hammered out. Not knocking anybody.

FLAY JUDGE LANDIS

LAWYERS FOR STANDARD OIL FILE THEIR ANSWER.

DECLARE FINE EXCESSIVE

Jurist Is Charged with Yielding to Outside Influences and the Prosecution Is Called "Malicious."

Chicago.—Judge Kenesaw Landis, who fined the Standard Oil Company $29,000,000, is charged with having permitted outside influences to govern his decision by the attorneys for the company in their answer to the application for a rehearing filed in the United States court of appeals.

The answer refers to the judgment of that court as an "unheard-of fine," and says that the court was "governed by evidence and considerations which were not proper to influence a judicious magistrate."

District Attorney Sims, who conducted the prosecution, was referred to as a "zealous prosecutor."

The answer to the government's appeal for rehearing is submitted by Attorneys John S. Miller, Moritz Rosenthal and Alfred D. Eddy, counsel for the oil company, and cites numerous reasons why Judge Grosscup and his associates in the court of appeals should not grant the government's petition.

The principal argument presented is in regard to excessive fines, and it is declared absolutely that District Attorney Sims could find no authority to support Judge Landis in his action of fixing the "unheard-of fine." Regarding this the answer states:

"The provision of the bill of rights in the eighth amendment to the federal constitution forbidding the imposition of excessive fines enacts a cherished principle of Magna Charta, which is the foundation of American and Anglo-Saxon laws and jurisprudence, and which required that fines imposed for faults or crimes should be 'after the manner of the fault,' or 'according to the heinousness of it,' and forbade fines so large as to deprive a defendant of that which was necessary to his vocation or livelihood."

The action of the government in bringing the oil company to trial is referred to as "malicious prosecution," and it is reiterated that no evidence and law has been brought to bear on the case by the federal attorneys.

Judge Kenesaw Landis.

Freed in Subtreasury Case.

Chicago. — George W. Fitzgerald, accused of having stolen the $173,000 which disappeared from the United States subtreasury, was discharged by Judge Chetlain Thursday after it had been shown on the witness stand that the government had instructed the treasury department heads in Chicago and other government employes to not testify in the case nor make public the evidence which the secret service men have been gathering since the time of the robbery.

Woman Dies Aged 113 Years.

Topeka, Kan.—Mrs. Sallie Ruthford died here Wednesday at the age of 113 years. She was born in Middleton, Ky., in 1795, and had never experienced a week's sickness in her life. Mrs. Ruthford came to Topeka 43 years ago. Four generations of children gathered at her home Sunday.

Well-Known Alaskan Killed.

Seattle, Wash.—Dr. Cabell Whitehead, general manager of the Seward Peninsula railroad in Alaska, is dead in Nome, as the result of an accident. The car in which Dr. Whitehead was riding was overturned and he fell into a shallow pool of water and was drowned.

San Francisco Banker Killed.

San Francisco.—Philip Lilienthal, manager of the Anglo-California bank of this city, was killed Tuesday evening in an automobile accident.

Exonerated, but Will Be Tried.

Lincoln, Neb.—Wilson Alonzo Willey, who shot and killed Joseph L. Watkins last Friday night was exonerated Wednesday by the verdict of the coroner's jury, but he will be prosecuted for murder.

Fatal Storm on British Coast.

London.—A severe gale Wednesday caused many casualties among smaller craft along the coast. The schooner Phyllis Gray, laden with coal, went aground and turned turtle. The crew of six men were lost.

Handy Wins Marathon Swim.

St. Louis.—Harry J. Handy of the New Illinois Athletic club won the Marathon ten-mile swimming race here Monday afternoon in 1:42:22 1-5. Bob Foster of the Chicago Athletic club was second; time, 1:43:46 1-5.

Russian Officer Drowned.

Viborg. — A tug boat Monday rammed a rowboat carrying two officers and four men of the torpedo boat destroyer Vauschitelny. Lieut. Ecodoroff was drowned while the others were rescued.

BRAINS THREE WITH AN AX

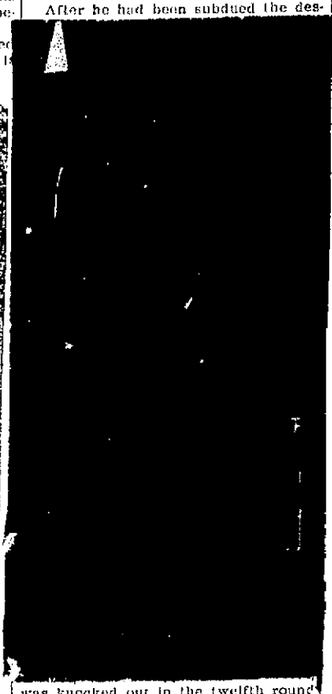
BLOODY CRIME OF CRAZED MAN AT WILMINGTON.

Attacks Wife, Adopted Daughter and Her Husband, While They Are Asleep—Duel at Los Angeles.

Wilmington, Del. — During a fit of temporary insanity Pearson Talley, 60 years old, of this city, early Wednesday attacked his wife, his adopted daughter, Edith Johanson, and her husband, Andrew Johanson, and inflicted such serious wounds with a broad ax that the victims are not expected to live. Talley is under arrest and says he cannot account for his murderous deed.

Talley attacked his wife as she lay in bed and fractured her skull with the ax. He then went to the bedroom of his adopted daughter and struck her with the weapon as she slept, laying open her skull. Her husband was awakened just as the infuriated man was about to bring the weapon down upon him. He grappled with his father-in-law, warding off a blow from the ax. Talley, however, struck at him again and inflicted a wound on the back of the head. They wrestled all over the bedroom for some time, but Johanson could not get the ax away from Talley, and when John Farmar, living next door, who had been attracted by the noise, arrived on the scene, Johanson was nearly exhausted from loss of blood.

After he had been subdued the des-



was knocked out in the twelfth round at Jeffries' Verson arena at four o'clock Monday afternoon by Billy Papke of Illinois, who is now middleweight champion of the world.

RECEIVER FOR A. BOOTH & CO.

Trouble of Big Concern Caused by Too Great Expansion.

Chicago. — A. Booth & Co., the $12,000,000 fish, game and sea food corporation, with branches extending from coast to coast, passed into the hands of a receiver late Thursday afternoon.

On petition of Alfred E. Booth and the Linen Thread Company of New York, Judge S. H. Bethea in the United States circuit court named William J. Chalmers, president of the Commercial National Safe Deposit Company, who took charge of the company's general office.

The general assets are placed at $8,000,000, exclusive of the company's good will, valued at $4,000,000, and the liabilities, according to the bill, approximate $5,500,000. Mr. Chalmers gave bond for $50,000.

Too great an expansion of the company's business and a large amount of outstanding short-time notes are the reasons given for the corporation's predicament.

Woman Suicide at Niagara.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—A woman, about 25 years old, of refined appearance, Tuesday afternoon walked into the river about 30 feet above Prospect Point and was swept over the falls. She left nothing to identify her. Seventy-five persons saw the suicide.

F. D. Bethune in Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal.—F. D. Bethune, an attorney of New York, who disappeared from his home in that city, August 23, is said to be in Los Angeles. No motive for his disappearance is known and he is supposed to be suffering from mental derangement.

Indicted for Arson in New Orleans.

New Orleans.—Julius Lipps, manager; Abe Wolf, secretary and treasurer of the Central Glass company of New Orleans, and John Eckert, an employe of that company, were indicted by the grand jury Wednesday night on the charge of arson in connection with a fire which about ten days ago burned over a portion of three blocks in the business section of New Orleans, causing a loss of $1,500,000. The fire originated in the building that was occupied by the Central Glass company.

Davis Charged with Murder.

Omaha, Neb.—Late Thursday afternoon County Attorney English filed a complaint against Charles E. Davis, charging him with murder in the first degree in connection with the shooting of Dr. Frederick Rustin.

Fulda Celebrates Its Founding.

Fulda, Minn.—Thursday was the thirtieth anniversary of the founding of Fulda, and the town celebrated the event. The town has grown to be one of the most important in southwestern Minnesota.

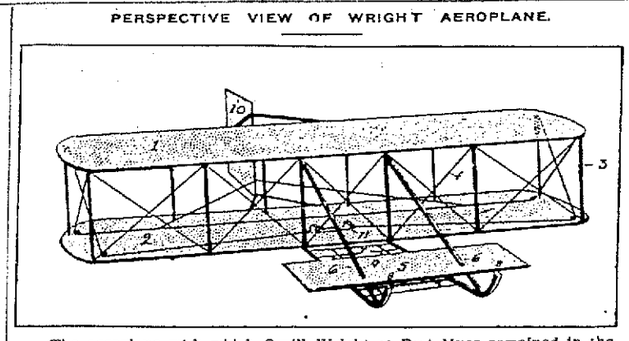
Great Strike Is Threatened.

Providence, R. I.—The executive board of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America has declared itself in favor of a general strike of the 32,000 members of the association in New England.

Four Thousand Jap Houses Destroyed.

Tokyo.—Dispatches from the city of Niigata, in the Ichigo province, 18 miles northwest of this city, tell of a fire in which 4,000 houses were destroyed by the flames.

PERSPECTIVE VIEW OF WRIGHT AEROPLANE.



The aeroplane with which Orville Wright at Fort Myer remained in the air for 62 minutes and 15 seconds, or over twice the time of Delagrane's record, is a duplicate of the one which Wilbur Wright is operating in France. The machine is sustained in the air by the reactions which result from thin surfaces or wings moved horizontally, almost edgewise, through the air at a small angle of incidence, either by the application of mechanical power or by the force of gravity. The wings (1 and 2) are made of cloth stretched on a light frame of wood and wire. They are connected with each other through ball and socket joints by the upright standards (3), and can both flex and twist. The front horizontal rudder (5) is almost free from pressure in action. When the rear edge is raised or lowered the course of the machine is kept upward or downward at the will of the operator, who lies prone on the lower wing surface. He grasps the nearer roller (9), which controls the rudder. The tail or rear rudder (10) controls the motion of the machine to right or left. The rudders are moved by tiller ropes. The hips of the operator rest on the movable cradle (11), and thereby he imparts motion to the wings.

WRIGHT BEATS OWN RECORD

AEROPLANE GOES 65 MINUTES AND 52 SECONDS.

Ten-Mile Wind Causes Machine to Pitch, But Does Not Stop Its Flight.

Washington.—Orville Wright Thursday broke the world's record for time and distance for a heavier-than-air flying machine which he established Wednesday. In a flight requiring great skill on account of a ten-mile wind, he circled around the drill grounds at Fort Myer 58 times in 65 minutes and 52 seconds, exceeding the time of Wednesday's record flight by three minutes and 37 seconds. The flight was witnessed by nearly a thousand people.

At 5:08 Mr. Wright signaled C. E. Taylor, his mechanic, to release the machine. The aeroplane rose from the ground almost immediately after leaving the single starting rail. It continued to climb higher with each successive round of the field, until it reached an altitude of 75 feet. For the first 30 seconds the machine flew as smoothly as on its previous flights, but from that time on it was seen to pitch at the turns, as the breeze from the west struck it.

Whenever the machine pitched, it could be plainly seen from below that it responded promptly to every move of the levers by the operator. One of Mr. Wright's assistants marked the time in large figures at intervals on the roof of a shed, in order that Mr. Wright might see how long he had been in the air.

A gust of wind, unusually strong, struck the aerial flyer during its forty-second round, and it plunged sharply, causing the crowd to exclaim in alarm. Mr. Wright then brought his machine lower, but on the fifty-third round he had reached an altitude of 200 feet. He came down at the northern end of the field at the end of the fifty-eighth round, landing easily.

COMMODITIES CLAUSE HIT.

Part of Hepburn Railroad Act Is Declared Unconstitutional.

Philadelphia. — The commodities clause of the Hepburn railroad act was Thursday declared to be unconstitutional by the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Pennsylvania. Judges Gray and Dallas agreed in an opinion, covering 75 typewritten pages, that the clause is unconstitutional. Judge Buffington dissented, but did not file an opinion.

Fleet Arrives at Albany.

Albany, West Australia.—After a 1,300-mile voyage from Melbourne, the American battleships dropped anchor at seven o'clock Friday morning off King point at the entrance to Princess Royal harbor in King George's sound. Great crowds witnessed the coming of the fleet, the sighting of which from Breaksea island was reported several hours before.

White Cross Congress Opens.

Geneva. — The first congress of the International White Cross association, which was founded last year with the object of grouping the efforts of the international societies engaged in fighting tuberculosis, cancer and other epidemic diseases, social scourges, such as alcoholism and the drug habit, as well as food adulteration, opened here Tuesday.

Ohio Minister Is Jailed.

Richmond, Va.—Rev. Leonard W. Synder of Norwood, O., was arraigned in the police court here Tuesday, fined $15 and sent to jail for six months on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Deposit Guaranty Law Upheld.

Guthrie, Okla.—The supreme court Thursday upheld the validity of the depositors' guaranty law, denying the injunction prayed by the Noble State bank to restrain the state from levying a one per cent. assessment upon the deposits of the bank. It was contended that the law is unconstitutional in that it levies on and takes private property without consideration. On this point Judge Huston in the Logan county district court overruled the bank and denied an injunction, the case then being appealed.

Boasts of Leading Lynchers.

Memphis, Tenn.—A special from Oxford, Miss., quotes former United States Senator W. V. Sullivan as follows with reference to the lynching Tuesday night: "I led the mob which lynched Nelse Patton, and I'm proud of it. I directed every movement of the mob, and I did everything I could to see that he was lynched. He cut a white woman's throat! And a negro! Of course I wanted him lynched. I don't care what investigation is made, or what are the consequences. I am willing to stand them."

Electric Line to Carry Coal.

Springfield, Ill.—The secretary of state Monday issued articles of incorporation to the Saline County Traction company. The capital is nominally placed at $5,000. L. E. Fischer, general manager of the Illinois Traction system; A. C. Murray of the same line; J. A. Swanberg, Springfield, and W. L. Murphy, Danville, are the incorporators. They will build an electric line from Eldorado through Harrisburg to Carriers Mills in Saline county. The primary object is to carry the heavy output of the coal mines.

DELAY IN BIG LABOR CASE.

Legal Proceedings Against Gompers and Others Are Postponed.

Washington. — The legal proceedings against President Samuel Gompers, Secretary Frank Morrison and John Mitchell of the American Federation of Labor, in which they were charged with contempt of the supreme court of the District of Columbia on account of acts and utterances apropos of the judgment of that court directing them to cease publishing the name of the Bucks Stove & Range company in their "We don't patronize" list, were virtually postponed for two weeks after a brief hearing Wednesday. Justice Gould of the supreme court presided.

The postponement was taken at the instance of counsel for the stove company and in opposition to the expressed wishes of Mr. Gompers and his associates, who complained of the delay as expensive and unnecessary. It was stated on behalf of the company, however, that it would be necessary to examine witnesses as to the issues made by the petition and the answers, and Justice Gould, saying that he saw no necessity for great haste and urging the desirability of affording both sides a full opportunity to be heard, granted the request. He appointed an examiner to take testimony, gave each side 30 days, and announced his own willingness to sit in the case after the facts shall have been ascertained.

BISHOP SPALDING RESIGNS.

Head of Peoria Diocese Retires Because of Ill Health.

Peoria, Ill.—The resignation of Rt. Rev. John Lancaster Spalding, bishop of the diocese of Peoria, was officially announced from his residence Thursday in the following note:

"Bishop Spalding having been ill for

Bishop John L. Spalding.

three years and a half, and foreseeing that some years must elapse before he has hope to resume active duty in the diocese of Peoria, has, after due consideration, resolved to tender his resignation as bishop of Peoria to Pope Piux X." The bishop is now in his sixty-ninth year and still suffers from the paralysis which brought him near to death."

Four Die in Denver Fire.

Denver, Col.—Four men lost their lives and a score of persons were injured, several of them seriously, in a fire that ruined the Belmont hotel, a three-story building at 1723 Stout street Tuesday morning. Crazed with fear and almost suffocated by smoke, the guests rushed for the windows, several of them jumping to the pavement below before firemen and policemen could reach them with ladders or spread nets below the windows. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

Berthe Claiche to Be Freed.

Auburn, N. Y.—Berthe Claiche, a convict in Auburn prison, had her application for liberty favorably acted upon by the prison parole board Tuesday. Berthe Claiche was tried for the shooting of Emile Gendron in New York city on June 6, 1906. She was convicted and sentenced to serve an indeterminate term in the woman's prison in this city. Her story that Gendron had forced her to go upon the street and barter her womanhood to support him secured for her a large amount of consideration.

Minister Egan's Daughter Weds.

Copenhagen.—Miss Patricia Egan, daughter of Maurice F. Egan, the American minister to Denmark, was married in this city Thursday to Jerome Elmer P. Murphy of Los Angeles, Cal. The ceremony took place in the Church of St. Ansgars.

Fisherman Slays Sea Serpent.

Belfast.—A message from the Copeland islands says that a fisherman shot a snake-like sea monster and secured the body. It is 30 feet long and six feet in circumference.

Chicago Yacht Is Winner.

Detroit, Mich.—By winning Monday's race at the Detroit Country club's annual regatta on Lake St. Clair the 21-foot yacht Spray of the Chicago Athletic association takes possession of the Walker competitive cup for one year.

Orville Wright in Short Flight.

Washington.—Orville Wright made a short flight in his aeroplane at Fort Myer Monday, in which he exhibited better control of the machine than in his previous trials.

GRAND MARAIS AFIRE

FLAMES OVERWHELM FIGHTERS AND ENTER THE CITY.

BEAVER BAY IS BURNING

Towns in Ontario Are Threatened with Destruction—Forest Losses of the Year Will Be Enormous.

Duluth, Minn.—The town of Grand Marais now is on fire. Latest reports say the fire has overwhelmed the fighters, and the outskirts of the town burning. The town appears to be doomed and it is feared that 1,500 people will be homeless.

Beaver Bay, on the north shore of Lake Superior, 80 miles northeast of Duluth, also is reported to be burning. The citizens have appealed to Gov. Johnson for aid. The Booth ship America has gone to their rescue.

Fires rage over Lake and Cook counties. Hundreds of homesteads have been burned and 2,000 people are homeless.

Port Arthur, Ont.—Bush fires surround Port Arthur and Fort William. The whole country east and west is ablaze and the fire is gaining headway. Thunder Cape is lighted up with flames.

East of here along the Canadian Pacific railway it is reported that the worst forest fires in the history of the country are now raging and that thousands of dollars' worth of timber is ablaze. Along the Duluth extension several villages are threatened.

Forest fires destroyed the camp owned by George Mooring on Pigeon river, with the outfit. One camp owned by the Pigeon River Company on Arrow river was destroyed Friday, and another owned by the same company was partly destroyed.

Washington.—The forest fires which have just laid waste whole counties in Minnesota and Michigan and extended into Wisconsin, destroying many towns and making thousands of persons homeless, have focused the attention of government officials here as well as state forest officers on the enormous losses of forest wealth which will be on record for the year 1908. In the whole northern half of the United States from coast to coast it is likely that the year will go down as one of the worst in the last quarter century.

HURRICANE RUINS GRAND TURK.

Great Storm in West Indies Costs Many Lives.

Grand Turk, Turks Islands, B. W. I., —A hurricane of great fury swept over Turks Islands Thursday night and Friday morning, and at daybreak the town of Grand Turk was devastated. A number of lives have been lost, but just how many cannot be said.

Grave anxiety is felt for the safety of Dr. T. R. Robertson, district commissioner of Caicos, who was making a tour of the islands when the storm broke.

Much damage has been done to property here and the streets of Grand Turk are a mass of wreckage. Trees have been uprooted, portions of buildings blown away and many houses have been partially wrecked.

The Haitien sloop Telegraph, which had taken shelter at Hawks Nest, foundered with all hands. The schooner Dan Leon, belonging to the East Caicos Fiber Company, broke away from her anchorage and has not been seen since. All the salt lighters which were moored at the riding ground and the Hawks Nest are missing.

KAISER DOESN'T ENTER FRANCE.

William Changes His Mind About Ascending the Hohneck.

Altenberg, Alsace.—Emperor William disappointed the general expectation that he would set foot on French territory Friday in the course of a sight-seeing trip along the Vosges range. The French authorities forwarded his majesty a hearty invitation to do so and had made every preparation to welcome the imperial visitor. He had intended to ascend the Hohneck, the highest point in this vicinity, which is situated in French territory. From it a splendid view may be had of Remiremont and the valley of the Moselle river. Emperor William arrived here late in the afternoon and decided not to proceed across the frontier.

Three Thousand Seek One Job.

London.—The number of unemployed in this city was strikingly illustrated Friday when 3,000 men surrounded and attempted to make their way into a hospital which had advertised for a porter at a wage of $4.50 a week and meals.

Farmer and Wife Drowned.

Lansing, Mich.—William Gardner, a farmer, and his wife, who lived near Dimondale, were drowned when a launch was capsized in Grand river by running on a sunken stump.

Wright Surpasses Former Flights.

Washington.—In a flight lasting one hour, ten minutes and 26 seconds, Orville Wright Friday surpassed all his exploits for a time and distance flight for a heavier-than-air machine. Two flights were made at Fort Myer, Va., the first being of ten minutes and 50 seconds' duration. The test demonstrated, according to the aviator's calculation, that the speed of the aeroplane during the record-breaking flights of Wednesday and Thursday was 39.55 miles an hour.—Changes in the aeroplane are to be made.

Dreyfus' Assailant Acquitted.

Paris.—With the acquittal Friday night by a jury in the assize court of Louis A. Gregori, who fired upon Maj. Dreyfus during the ceremonies last June incident to the placing of the body of Emile Zola in the Pantheon, the Dreyfus affair, which has divided France into two camps for 12 years, may be said to have been buried beyond all possibility of resurrection. Those present gave vent to their feelings according to their political views and the courtroom resounded with hoots and cheers.

Young Wife Commits Suicide.

Seattle, Wash.—Mrs. John Davis, wife of one of the leading real estate dealers of this city, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. She was 23 years old, he is 38, and they had been married only since March 15 last.

Paper Mill Men on Strike.

Millinocket, Me.—Responding to a telegram from their union headquarters, the 1,200 men employed in the mills of the Great Northern Paper Company here and at East Millinocket went on strike Friday.

ANCIENT "FOOT FERRY."

Means of Communication Between Virginia and Maryland Shores.

Richmond, Va.—The "foot-ferry" is one of the ancient institutions that survive in the old and honorable town of Alexandria, Va. In all that long stretch of majestic river from the capital of the United States to great Chesapeake bay, there is neither bridge nor modern ferry between the Virginia and Maryland shores. Though the counties that border the Potomac on either side are populous and prosperous, communication between the

"Foot Ferry" Still In Use.

two sides of the river seems difficult to men not to the manor born, yet the conditions are accepted as natural and regular by natives.

Between Alexandria and the Maryland shore the Potomac is a mile wide. The Maryland lands are thickly settled. Because of circuitous roads the dwellers there must drive ten miles to Washington, whereas in a straight line the distance is but five. That country has yet to be traversed by a trolley line. Many of the people on the east side of the river cross to Alexandria and take steamboat or trolley to Washington. The means of communication between Alexandria, a city of 15,000 inhabitants, and the opposite shore, is a "foot-ferry"—or more accurately a hand ferry—for the ferry is a small boat rowed by a veteran river man. The boat is rigged with a sail and when the wind favors, which is not often, the ferryman rests on his oars. A trip is made every hour. When the accompanying picture was taken the sail was in use.

The ferryman is W. H. Wheatley. He has spent his life on the river and has been conducting the ferry for many years. He plies from a slip between two of the principal wharves in Alexandria and a decaying quay called "Fox's Ferry" on the other side. Fox's Ferry was a bustling place before the age of steam, a man named Fox operating an endless chain ferry across the river at that point.

GOODRICH NOW SENIOR OFFICER.

Rear Admiral Heads Active List with Retirement of Evans.

Washington.—Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, commandant of the New York navy yard, who becomes the senior officer of the active list of the United States navy with the retirement of Admiral Evans, first saw service at the age of 17 while taking part in running down confederate commerce destroyers on the old fighting

ship, the Macedonian. His career has been a notable one, including service in two wars, directing the destruction of Cuban cables, the organization of the coast signal service, the direction for a time of the Naval War college and command of the Pacific squadron when it afforded signal assistance to the sufferers in the San Francisco earthquake. Admiral Goodrich was born in Philadelphia in 1847 and graduated from the Naval Academy in 1864.

Bridge to Moses' Cradle.

Since the days of the Pharaohs Egypt has been the scene of some remarkable feats of engineering, the latest being the construction of a bridge from Cairo to the island of Rodah in the Nile, where, according to tradition, the child Moses was found in the bulrushes.

The bridge, which is 1,710 feet long, and 66 feet broad, has 14 spans, besides the central span of 203 feet, which, when swung open, leaves a clear passage in either side of 70 feet.

The bridge was three years in building.

When completed, recently, it was loaded with cars, carts and engines of a total dead weight of 400 pounds to the square yard. After these had remained at rest 24 hours, the whole train was rushed across at speed, making a deflection hardly perceptible.

The Best Code.

Emily—Why are you waving your handkerchief?

Angelina—Since papa has forbidden Tom the house we have arranged a code of signals.

Emily—What is it?

Angelina—When he waves his handkerchief five times, that means "do you love me?" And when I wave frantically in reply it means: "Yes, darling."

Emily—And how do you ask any other questions?

Angelina—We don't. That's the whole code.—Harper's Weekly.

Stirred Up the Koreans.

From Seoul comes the important news that the emperor of Korea has had two teeth extracted by a Japanese dentist. This is the first surgical operation ever performed on the person of a Korean potentate and it is said to have caused something like a panic in the palace.

Space and Matter.

"One body cannot occupy more than one place at the same time."

"Huh! Jever see a fat woman in a street car?"—Puck.

Very Tempting.

A man was brought before a justic of the peace charged with the offens of kissing a young woman "by force and violence, and against her will."

The young lady, who was very hand some, gave her testimony in a modes and straightforward manner, afte which his honor gave the following de cision: "The court in this case sym pathizes with the defendant, and wil therefore discharge him without fine imprisonment or reprimand, because the court while this case has been i progress has been obliged to hold co to both arms of his chair to keep from kissing the complainant himself."

Critical Eye for Babies.

The five year-old daughter of a Brooklyn man has had such a larg experience of dolls that she feels her self to be something of a connoisseur in children.

Recently there came a real live baby into the house.

When it was put into her arms the five-year-old surveyed it with a critical eye.

"Isn't it a nice baby?" asked the nurse.

"Yes, it's nice," answered the youngster hesitatingly. "It's nice, but its head's loose."—Lippincott's.

Boy Grades the Clergy.

Bishop Potter, at an ecclesiastical dinner in New York, read a Coopers-town schoolboy's essay on "Clergymen." The essay, which created much amusement, was as follows:

"There are 2 kinds of clergymen Bishups recters and curats. the bishups tells the recters to work and the curats have to do it. A curat is a thin married man but when he is a recter he gets fuller and can preach longer sermons and becums a good man."—Washington Star.

Peonies as a Medicine.

Peonies were originally esteemed less for beauty of bloom than for value as a medicine. In recognition of its curative virtues, the peony was named after Paeon, the physician of the gods. An old writer says: "About an infant's neck hang peonie. It cures Alcydes cruell maladie." Nor did the use of the plant stop there, for peony water was esteemed and drank in bygone times, though whether as medicine or merely as a refreshing temperance beverage is more than modern writers can say.

BLIND FOLDED

By EARLE ASHLEY WALCOTT

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SYNOPSIS.

...les Dudley arrived in San Francisco ...John his friend and distant relative ...ary Wilton, whom he was to assist ...an important and mysterious task, ...I who accompanied Dudley on the ...ry back trip into the city. The re...ricable resemblance of the two men ...noted and commented on by passen...n on the ferry. They see a man with ...ike eyes, which sends a thrill through ...dley. Wilton postpones an explanation ...the strange errand Dudley is to per...m, but accumulates cause him to ...ew it is one of an ordinary meaning. ...dley is summoned to the morgue and ...are finds the dead body of his friend, ...ery Wilton. And thus Wilton dies ...thout ever explaining to Dudley the ...zzling work he was to perform in San ...ancisco. In order to discover the se...et mission his friend had entrusted to ...m, Dudley continues his disguise and ...rmits himself to be known as Henry ...ilton. He learns that there is a boy ...ilton. He is charged with secreting and ...tom he is charged with secreting and ...otecting. Dudley, mistaken for Wil...n, is employed by Knapp to assist ...a stock brokerage deal. Giles Dudley ...s himself closeted in a room with ...other Horton who makes a confidant ...him. He can learn nothing about the ...yasterious boy further than that it is ...in Terrill and Darby Meeker who are ...ter him. Dudley visits the home of ...nap and is stricken by the beauty of ...uella, his daughter. Slumming tour ...rough Chinatown is planned. The trip ...Chinatown. Giles Dudley learns that ...e party is being shadowed by Terrill. ...uella and Dudley are cut off from ...e rest of the party and imprison...d in a hallway behind an iron-bound ...oor. Three Chinese ruffians approach the ...prisoned couple. A battle ensues. One ...n is knocked down. Giles begins firing. Tin ...Terrill is seen in the mob. A newly form...d mob is checked by shots from Giles' ...evolver. Policeman Corson breaks down ...he door with an ax and the couple is ...escued. Luella thanks Giles Dudley for ...aving her life. Knapp appears at the ...ffice with no traces of the previous ...ight's debauch. Following his instruc...ions Dudley has a notable day in the ...tock Exchange, selling Crown Diamond ...nd buying Omega, the object being to ...rush Decker, Knapp's hated rival. Dudley ...discovers that he loves Luella Knapp. ...Mother Horton tells Giles Dudley that ...they've discovered where 'the boy' is." ...The mysterious unknown woman employ...er of Dudley means him by appointment ...with "the boy" who is turned over to ...Dudley with his guards and they drive ...with him to the ferry boat to take a train ...out of the city.

CHAPTER XXII.—Continued.

The train had not gathered headway before a man bent beside me, and Abrams' voice spoke softly in my ear.

"There are two of 'em aboard."

"Yes? Where did you find them? I asked.

"In the stoke hole. I hid behind a bench till every one had gone and saw 'em crawl out. They bribed a fireman or deckhand or some one to keep 'em under cover. They got off the boat at the last minute and I sneaked after 'em."

"And they're on the train?"

"Yes, three cars back—next to the sleepers. Shall we chuck 'em overboard as soon as we get out of Oakland?"

"Not unless we are attacked," I returned. "Just sit down by the rear door and give the signal if they come this way. There'll be no trouble if they are only two."

We reached Livermore at near 11 o'clock, without further incident than a report from Abrams that the spies of the enemy got off the train at every station and watched for our landing. Yet when we stood on the platform of the bare little station at Livermore and saw the yellow cars crawling away on their eastward journey, we looked in vain for the men who had tracked us.

"Fooled, by thunder!" said Fitzhugh with a laugh in which the others joined. "They're off for Sacramento."

"They'll have to earn their money to find us there," said Abrams.

The gray day had become grayer, and the wind blew fresh in our faces with the smell of rain heavy upon it as we sought the hotel. It was a bare country place, yet the trees grew by the hotel and there were vines climbing about its side and it looked as though we might be comfortable for a day, should be have to stay there so long.

"Plenty of room," said the landlord, rubbing his hands.

"We wish a large room, you know, where we can be together," I said, "and sleeping rooms adjoining."

"Here's just the place for you," said the landlord, taking the way to the end of the upper hall and throwing open a double door. "This is the upstairs parlor, but I can let you have it. There's this large bedroom opening off it—the corner bedroom, sir—and this small one here at this side opens into the parlor and the hall. Perhaps you would like this other, too."

"This is enough for our comfort," I assured him.

"There'll be a fire here in a minute," said the landlord, regarding the miserable little stove with an eye of satisfaction that I attributed to its economical proportions.

"This is good enough," said Lockhart, looking about approvingly at the prim horsehair furniture that gave an awesome dignity to the parlor.

"Beats our quarters below hollow," said Fitzhugh. "And no need to have your gun where you can grab it when the first man says boo!"

"Don't get that idea into your head," said I. "Just be ready for anything that comes. We're not out of the woods yet, by a long way."

"They've gone on to Sacramento," laughed Fitzhugh; and the others nodded in sympathy.

"Indeed?" I said. "How many of you could have missed seeing a party of nine get off at a way-station on this line?"

There was silence.

"If there's anyone here who thinks he would have missed us when he was set to look for us, just let him speak up," I continued with good-natured raillery.

"I guess you're right," said Fitzhugh. "They couldn't have missed seeing us."

"Exactly. And they're not off for Sacramento, and not far from Livermore."

"Well, they're only two," said Lockhart.

"How long will it take to get a dozen more up here?" I asked.

"There's a train to Niles about noon," said one of the men. "They could get over from there in an hour or two more by hard riding."

"The Los Angeles train comes through about dark," said another.

"I think, gentlemen," said I politely, "that we'd best look out for our defenses. There's likely to be a stromy evening, I should judge."

"Well," growled Wainwright, "we can look out for ourselves as well as the next fellow."

"If there's bloody crowns going round, the other gang will get its share," said Fitzhugh. And the men about me nodded.

I was cheered to see that they needed nobody to do their fighting, however advisable it might be to do their thinking by deputy.

"Very good," I said. "Now I'll just took about the town a bit. You may come with me, if you please, Fitzhugh."

"Yes, sir."

"And Abrams and Lockhart may go scouting if they like."

Abrams and Lockhart thought they would like.

"Better keep together," I continued. "What's the earliest time any one could get here?"

"Two o'clock—if they drove over."

"I'll be around here by that time. You, Abrams, can look out for the road and see who comes into town."

"All right, sir," said Abrams. "There won't anybody get in here without I catch sight of him."

Lockhart nodded his assent to the boast, and after cautioning the men who were left behind we sallied forth.

The town was a straggling, not unpleasing country place. The business street was depressing with its stores closed and its saloons open. In the residence streets I was better pleased. Man had done little, but nature was prodigal to make up for his omissions. The buildings were poor and flimsy, but in the middle of December the flowers bloomed, vines were green, bushes sent forth their leaves and the beauty of the scene even under the leaden skies and rising gale made it a delight to the eye.

"Not much of a place," said Fitzhugh, looking disdainfully at the buildings. "Hello! Here's Dick Thatcher. How are you, Dick? It's a year of Sundays that I haven't seen you. This is—er—a friend of mine, Thatcher—you needn't mention that you've seen us."

"We needn't be strangers to Mr. Thatcher," I laughed. "My name is Wilton. Of course you won't mention our business."

"Oh, no. Mr. Wilton," said Thatcher, impressed, and shifting the quid of tobacco in his lantern jaws. "Of course not."

"And you needn't say anything of our being here at all," I continued. "It might spoil the trade."

"Mum's the word," said Thatcher. "I'll not let a soul know till you say 'Let 'er go.' O Lord! I hope the trade goes through. We want a lot more capital here."

Mr. Thatcher began to scratch his head and to expectorate tobacco juice copiously, and I suspected he was wondering what the secret might be that he was not to betray. So I made haste to say:

"Is this stable yours?"

"Yes, sir," said Thatcher eagerly. "I've been running it nigh on two years now."

"Pretty good business, eh, Dick?" said Fitzhugh, looking critically about.

"Nothin' to brag on," said Thatcher disparagingly. "You don't make a fortune running a livery stable in these parts—times are too hard."

And then Mr. Thatcher unbent and between periods of vigorous mastication at his cud, introduced us to his horses and eagerly explained the advantages that his stable possessed over any other this side of Oakland.

"Very good," I said. "We may want something in your line later. We can find you here at any time, I suppose."

"O Lord, yes. I live here days and sleep here nights. But if you want to take a look at the property before it gets a wetting you'll have to be pretty spry."

My suggestion of a trade had misled the worthy stableman into the impression that I was considering the purchase of real estate.

"I'll see about it," I said.

"There's a big rain coming on, sure," he said warningly, as we turned back to the hotel.

It was a little after 1 o'clock, but as we approached our quarters Lockhart came running toward me.

"What is it?" I asked, as he panted, out of breath.

"There's a special train just come in," he said; "an engine and one car. It's at the station now."

"So? Did any of our friends come on it?"

"Abrams has gone down to find out."

"Come along then," said I. "We'll see what is to be seen."

CHAPTER XXIII.

A Piece of Strategy.

A few idlers were on the platform of the station as we approached with much apparent unconcern, our hands in our overcoat pockets where the weapons lay.

"Where's the train?" I asked, looking at the bare track.

"Yonder," grunted a native, pointing his thumb lazily up the road where the engine lay by the watering tank, slaking its thirst.

"Well, just let me and Lockhart walk ahead," said Fitzhugh gruffly, as we started along the track. "I shouldn't have the first idea what we was here for if you was to be knocked over."

Fitzhugh could not be much more in the dark on this point than I, but I let him have his way. If some one was to be shot, I was ready to resign my claim to the distinction in favor of the first comer.

There were perhaps a score of people about the car.

"There's Abrams," said Lockhart.

"There's no danger, then," said Fitzhugh with a grin. "See, he's beckoning to us."

We hastened forward eagerly.

"What is it?" I asked

"There's no one here" said Abrams, with a puzzled look.

I went forward to the engine. The engineer was as close-mouthed as though words were going at a dollar apiece and the market bounding upward. When I tried to question the fireman the engineer recovered his tongue and had so many orders to be attended to that my words were lost in a rattle of coal and clang of iron.

And the engine, having drunk its fill, changed its labored breathing to a hissing and swishing of steam that sent the hot vapor far on both sides, and then gathering speed, puffed its swift way back the road by which it had come, leaving the car deserted on a siding.

"Here's a go!" cried Fitzhugh. "A regular puzzler!"

"The first thing is to to visit the telegraph office at once," said I.

The operator was just locking his little room in the station as we came up.

"No, sir, no telegrams," he said; "none for anybody."

"That is a new way of running trains," I said with a show of indifference, nodding toward the empty car.

"Oh, there was a party came up," said the agent; "a dozen fellows or more. Bill said they took a fancy to get off a mile or more down here, and as they were an ugly-looking crew he didn't say anything to stop them."

"I don't see what they can be doing up in this part of the country," I returned innocently.

"I guess they know their business—anyway, it's none of mine," said the agent. "Do you go in here, sir? Well, it will save you from a wetting."

We had been walking toward the hotel, and the chatty agent left us under its veranda just as the light drops began to patter down in the dust of the road, and to dim the outlines of the distant hills.

The home guard of our party received the news calmly.

Wainwright had established a modus vivendi with his young charge and I saw that he managed to get a word out of him now and then. I had to abandon the theory that the boy was dumb, but I suspected that it was fear rather than discretion that bridled his tongue.

"Do you think the gang have got into town?" asked one.

"They'll have wet jackets if they are on the road," I returned, looking at the rain outside.

"Hadn't we better find out?" inquired Wainwright.

"Are you in a hurry?" I asked in turn. "The landlord has promised to send up a good dinner in a few minues."

"But you see—"

"Yes, I see," I interrupted. "I see this—that they are here, that there are a dozen or more of them, and that they are ready for any devilry. What more can we find out by roaming over the country?"

Wainwright nodded his agreement with me.

"And then," I continued "they won't try to do anything until after dark—not before the middle of the night, I should say—or until the townspeople have gone to bed."

"You're right, sir," said Abrams. "A dark night and a clear field suits that gang best."

"Well, here's the dinner," said I; "so you can make yourselves easy. Porter, you may keep an eye on the stairway, and Brown may watch from the windows. The rest of us will fall to."

In the midst of the meal Porter came in.

"Darby Meeker's in the office below," he announced.

"Very good," I said. "Just take Fitzhugh and Wilson with you and ask Mr. Meeker to join us."

The men looked blank. Porter was the first to speak.

"You don't mean—"

"I mean to bring him up here," I said blandly, rising from the table. "I suppose, though, it's my place as host to do the honors."

"No—no," came in chorus from the men.

"Come on, Porter—Fitzhugh—Wilson," I said; and then added sharply, "sit down, the rest of you! We don't need a regiment to ask a man to dinner."

The others sank back into their seats and the three I had named followed me meekly down the hall and stairs.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"THERE ARE TWO OF 'EM ABOARD."

WOULD NOT BE HURRIED.

Rudely Aroused Oriental Made an Indignant Protest.

The American traveler who endeavors to hasten the comfortably gaited oriental against its wish soon comes to a halt. That was the experience of "A Woman Alone in the Heart of Japan." "Make the rikman hurry. I have a date and can't wait here all day," she said to the "boss rikman" at the station. He blazed like a fiery dragon. "Vell, you get so mad, you no can wait for dis, you go find 'nodder riksha," he said. She answered very meekly: "Dear friend, you do not know me. I am not the least bit mad. This is only a gentle American hustle. If you want me to be real mad, I will show you the difference." "Vell, you vas almos' mad," he insisted. "You seem jus' like mad when you say 'No can wait; mus' have riksha quick; hurry up!'"—Youth's Companion.

Brigand's New Means of Extortion.

Even cremation has been made to subserve the purposes of the brigand in a manner in which those interested ought to take note. At Strasburg there is a crematorium with a depository for urn attached. From this place there disappeared some days ago the urn containing the ashes of two members of a wealthy family named Berle. The police have been quite unable to obtain any clue but the family were called up by telephone the other evening and notified that the restoration of the urn would cost them £5,000.—London Globe.

WITH THE BRAND OF CAIN.

French Scientist Advocates the Marking of Murderers.

A French scientist has made a remarkable proposal in regard to the punishment of murderers in France. He is of the opinion that neither guillotining nor life imprisonment is an adequate or suitable punishment for murder. The guillotine, he points out, inflicts absolutely no suffering on the criminal, who is probably a man who has passed his life in inflicting suffering on others. As to life imprisonment, it entails a heavy expense to the country and generally reduces the prisoner to insanity. He suggests, therefore, that such criminals shall be branded on the face with a redhot iron and then released. The branding, he thinks, should be done in public, the "M," signifying meurtrier, the French word for murderer, being stamped as an ineradicable mark on the forehead of the criminal. He would thus bear about to the end of his days the mark of his crime, and be a constant warning to his kind.

Watching the "Kids."

A sign displayed in front of a New York department store is the delight of mothers and incidentally the innovation has increased the rush at the store's bargain counters. The store employs a fatherly-looking man to stand outside and watch the young hopefuls while the mothers wage battle with each other in front of the counters. The scheme has proved a great success.

Girls Kept in Woods by Bear

Two Young Women Are Scared by Animal and Lose Their Way.

Lock Haven, Pa.—Two young ladies, one from this city and the other from Williamsport, spent a night of terror in the Clinton county mountains in the vicinity of Hyner. The ladies were in search of game, became frightened by an ugly bear, lost their bearings and were not found until Sunday morning by the searchers who scoured the mountains all night with flaming fagots of pitch pine.

G. A. Simpson, of Williamsport, is the superintendent of the Hyner Railroad company, which is operating in that vicinity. His daughter, Miss Murial, accompanied by Miss Levina Emerick, of this city, started on a hunting expedition intending to return to camp before dark. In their explorations they encountered a fierce black bear who thoroughly frightened the girls, who made a hasty retreat and in doing so lost their way and were compelled to spend the night in the dreary mountains.

They were afraid to lie down, or even stop to rest and continued walking, and traveled across three mountains and were far from their starting point when found by a searching party. They were assisted to the railroad by their rescuers, placed on board the train and taken back to camp.

Longfellow's School Days.

Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, the poet, received his early education in a school in Portland, Me. He was pronounced by the master to be "one of the best boys in school." He was a studious child and preferred the company of books to lively companions. He passed the entrance examination to Bowdoin college at 14. He graduated fourth in his class in 1825.

BRYAN ON TRUSTS

DISPELS IDEA THAT HE IS ENEMY OF INDUSTRY.

Democratic Candidate Logically Outlines His Policy for Regulation of Big Corporations—Plan Both Definite and Practical.

In fulfillment of his plan of elaborating and interpreting the various planks of the Democratic platform, Mr. Bryan chose the trust question for his subject at the Kern notification proceedings at Indianapolis. It is one of the most elusive of themes, as it is one of the most vexatious of problems. Mr. Bryan succeeded in dispelling the idea that he is the enemy of industry or the friend of centralization.

As was the case at Des Moines, where he handled the tariff question, Mr. Bryan had again the tremendous advantage of no embarrassing alliances, understandings or connections with the forces for whose control and regulation he argued. He left the Democratic remedies for trust evils more clearly understood and as logically placed as is possible without practical test.

His definition of a trust as a "corporation which controls so large a proportion of the total quantity of any article used in this country as to be able to regulate the price and terms of sale" is probably as good as any of the others, even if made to fit the platform declaration. It was also made clear that the fixing of 25 per cent. of the output of an article as the proportion of control which makes necessary a federal license was an arbitrary proceeding and 50 per cent. as the forbidden point beyond which control may not pass was equally arbitrary. To deny the correctness of these figures is merely one way of avoiding discussion of the correctness of the principle involved. For purposes of illustration, 15 and 40 per cent., or 35 and 60 per cent., would be as good. It is an insignificant matter.

The point is that where the extent of a business passes a certain line it ceases to be a matter of private concern; it becomes a matter of public concern for the very simple reason that the interests of the public are paramount. Beyond this point, whatever it is, there must be federal regulation and supervision. Beyond another point even such regulation and supervision promises no protection against the power and financial strength involved. Government itself may be smaller than the corporation which would control more than 50 per cent. of some commodities.

Mr. Taft's idea of recourse to injunctive process, when necessary, may be in greater harmony with legal theories than the fixing by law of arbitrary lines, but it leaves openings too large. Experience with the efficacy of the injunctive process has not been satisfying, and Mr. Roosevelt's experience in trying to free his party from trust domination is fruitful in indications pointing to failure of the Taft remedy.

With Mr. Bryan's elucidation of these points as the basis of the Democratic program for trust regulation, the remainder is a matter of detail, designed to contribute to the attainment of the one end—namely, the retention of the benefits that come from the perfecting of organization and economics under combination without seriously impairing competition or curtailing those equal opportunities essential to the development of individualism.

Compared to the vague and deceptive demand of the Republicans for "more laws" and the "amendment of existing laws," the Democratic plan has the merit of being definite and apparently both practical and practicable. It certainly would insure uniformity of treatment and admit the playing of no favorites.—St. Louis Republic.

New York World for Bryan.

The New York World has come straight into the Bryan camp. In a leading editorial the other day the World says:

"We are nearing the end of one stage of Rooseveltism. Its fruits are before us. In the name of false patriotism they are jingoism, imperialism, extravagance, plutocracy, centralization. They are violence, usurpation, panic, depression. They are contempt for law, contempt for courts, contempt for congress, contempt for the constitution. All these have been crystallized in the machine-made and corporation financed candidacy of a personally amiable and excellent proxy.

"Independently and firmly, voluntarily and conscientiously, and with a keen appreciation of its own responsibility to the public, the World, confronted on one side by Rooseveltism and Roosevelt's proxy and on the other by Democracy and Mr. Bryan, has no hesitation in saying that, within the limits of true Democracy, the Democratic ticket is entitled to the full Democratic vote."

Big Task on Their Hands.

Gov. Johnson's acceptance of renomination warns the Republicans of Minnesota to get busy if they are deluded enough to think they can overcome his plurality of 76,000 rolled up two years ago.

It is now said that encouraged by the more reasonable attitude of the judiciary, the Standard will increase its capital from $100,000,000 to $600,000,000. Thus the sunshine continues to spread.

Doom of the Stand-Patter.

The movement in the west that is retiring certain Republican United States senators, the New York World thinks, is inspired more by honesty than radicalism and more by true conservatism than any other sentiment. It discusses the stand-patter and holds that the west has voted for him more than once only as a choice of evils. It says:

"It is a mistake to describe the existing aversion to the stand-patters as radicalism. The stand-patters made a sordid plea. In effect they told Americans who had a few coins in their pockets and knew where their next dinner was to be had that they must thank God that power and privilege had spared them so much. Under that false cry wrongs almost unimaginable were inflicted upon the people. In response to that false cry came the frenzied financiers, the insurance looters, the railroad exploiters, the eager plutocrats of the tariff and the hordes of jingoes and spendthrifts. . . . The Republican senators who willingly lent themselves to the degrading service of selfish interests have only themselves to blame for the disfavor which has been visited on them.

TARIFF AND WAGE-EARNERS.

American Workers Sorely Oppressed and Receive No Benefit.

American wage-earners are sorely oppressed by the present high tariff. Even if it be admitted that the tariff enables some of them to obtain better wages than they perhaps could under lower duties, the number of such is relatively small. It embraces only those who are employed in certain industries. To the great majority of workers the high tariff is not only of no benefit, but imposes exactions which to many are cruelly burdensome.

The tariff reaches about everything that the wage-earner must have. There is hardly a necessity that is not included in the schedules of the Dingley law, and on not a few of these the duties are as heavy as those levied on luxuries which can be had only by the rich. This is one of the inequalities of the law which justifies the demand for tariff revision and reform. There can be no defense of a policy that thus discriminates against the great majority of the people.

In the pending campaign the wage-earners of the country are pretty certain to give more earnest consideration to the oppressive exactions of the existing tariff.—Chicago Journal.

"AND THEY BUILT SUCH A HIGH WALL AROUND IT, TOO!"

—Philadelphia Record.

Fallacious Finance.

If you had $250,425,623 to your credit in the banks, and you had notes or bonds coming due, amounting to $63,945,460 on August 1, drawing three per cent. interest, would you pay what you owe, or allow the notes to run for ten years longer? It would seem to be a plain business proposition to pay the notes and thus save two per cent. interest. The above statement of the amount of money on deposit in the banks and the bonds due on August 1, is the exact condition of the United States treasury on July 17, but it is stated that Secretary Cortelyou intends to allow the $63,000,000 of bonds to run and still draw three per cent. interest instead of paying them.

Those outstanding bonds were issued on August 1, 1898, on the three per cent. 10-20 basis, that is the government can redeem the bonds on the expiration of ten years, or can allow them to run ten years longer. Those outstanding bonds can also be refunded with new bonds drawing two per cent. interest, so that instead of the government having to pay annual interest of about $1,920,000 a year this interest charge would be reduced to $1,280,000 a year.

There would be no doubt about what a business man would do under these circumstances. He would undoubtedly pay the bonds and stop paying interest. But the government finances are evidently not run on business principles, but appear to be manipulated, for the benefit of the national banks or some other Wall street favorite who owns the bonds.

Railroads and Politics.

Are railroad rates to be raised on August 1? The railroad managers claim that either rates must be increased or wages reduced to make both ends meet. The Republican politicians say that to reduce wages during the campaign might lead to strikes and the defeat of the Republican ticket. This puts the railroad managers in a dilemma that it is difficult to extricate themselves from, for they have decided it is for their best interests to elect Mr. Taft, and they, therefore, do not wish to embarrass the Republican managers by reducing wages, so it is said they will increase railroad rates about ten per cent. The business interests are much opposed to an increase of rates which would naturally lead to a decrease in traffic. All this shows the necessity of a divorce of railroad policies from Republican politics, or both will suffer. The people are in no mood to indorse the Republican candidates if they are to pay the freight, and the railroad employes will oppose, even to the point of a gigantic strike, a reduction of wages while the cost of living is still so high.

It is difficult to decide the merits of the controversy, but however it is settled it would seem to spell disaster to the Republicans.

The Pestiferous Tariff.

Another reason why the Democrats should keep still about the pestiferous tariff is that they haven't a chance to revise it. Within a week 50 fearful Republican papers have pointed that out, not with viciousness, but in a spirit of kindliness. After they have given this sage counsel to the Democrats, they always fall to discussing the hopelessness of Democratic preponderance in the United States senate. That is always a happy Republican argument. The senate stands now immutably committed to the crime of Dingleyism, so the Democrats might as well indulge in no displays of peevishness over the tariff.

The Drift to Bryan.

The drift of the independent voter toward Bryan is apparent and strong. In large numbers gold Democrats have returned to the party, and those who for the most patriotic reasons object to the continuance of the Roosevelt rule see far less danger to the country and far more certainty for the preservation of our form of government in the election of the Democratic party than in continuing in power the party whose extravagance and leadership has spread alarm and disgust from one end of this country to the other.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Tariff Revision by Friends.

The senate committee on finance, authorized by the senate to make a special study of tariff conditions this summer, has begun work; that is, Senator Aldrich has appointed subcommittees and apportioned the topics for investigation. Senator Aldrich always becomes conspicuous when tariff matters are mentioned. His interest indicates that the tariff is going to be revised by its friends and the friends of the trusts, if, that is to say—you know New York may go Democratic, after all.

CAPT. T. S. BALDWIN

HAS MADE PROBLEM OF AERIAL NAVIGATION LIFE STUDY.

Dirigible Balloon Recently Completed for Government Signal Corps Product of 30 Years' Labor—Began Experiments Early.

Washington.—Capt. Thomas Scott Baldwin, dean of aeronautics in this country, has devoted his life to the problem of aerial navigation. Capt. Baldwin's name is inseparably linked with aeronautic activities the world over. In nearly every civilized country of the world Capt. Baldwin has given exhibitions with his parachutes, balloons and airships. With constantly applied persistency to make a success of ballooning, Capt. Baldwin has not relinquished his interest for a single day for 30 years. During this long experience, he has made and given more than 3,000 exhibitions and flights in the air. Unlike those who have made failures of their airship experiences, Capt. Baldwin is essentially a student. His workshop does not present the appearance of a collection of ideas, plainly marked theories. He has always worked along the practical and scientific lines. To these he owes his success, although kind fate appears always to have smiled upon him. He has taken chances in making his experiments in the air that would still with fear the heart of a man of less courage than himself.

"Apprehension of trouble is far worse than the trouble itself when it arrives," said Capt. Baldwin. "I learned this early, and I never borrow trouble. I never feel the least bit of fear. I always have figured out the thing I meant to do before doing it, and felt reasonably sure that I could accomplish it before making the attempt."

Capt. T. S. Baldwin.

Interest in aeronautics has been intensified since the government began to take an interest. The recent tests of Capt. Baldwin's big dirigible balloon, which he built for the signal corps of the United States army, were followed with a keen interest all over the ballooning world. In addition to this he has built for the government two spherical balloons.

Following the old adage that a shoemaker should stick to his last, Capt. Baldwin never wavered for a moment in his intention to master the air for transportation facilities.

When still a mere youngster he began his experiments at San Francisco. Up to this time there had never been a successful parachute jump. It had been nearly 50 years previous to Baldwin's attempt that the last man to try the experiment had met his death. But after considerable experimenting and thought given to the idea, Baldwin was determined to make a jump of 1,000 feet from the balloon. That was 21 years ago. Baldwin announced his intention and thousands of people gathered at Golden Gate park and cheered as the plucky young man made the first successful parachute jump on record. This was the beginning of his long record of successes twice around the world. And in all these daring chances he took Capt. Baldwin has never suffered the slightest injury.

This dean of American aeronautics has given exhibitions before the nobility and many of the crowned heads of Europe. Also in Australia, China, Japan and Egypt. Everywhere he went, with his series of successes following him, he gave encouragement to those who were working along the same lines that he had spent so many years on.

The one sad event in Capt. Baldwin's experience was the loss of his perfectly equipped workshop during the San Francisco disaster. Thousands of dollars had been spent on the best tools, the finest materials and half-finished airships, which represented years of experiments and also the best of his knowledge gleaned from his work in his all-around the world trips. This was the greatest defeat he had ever met with and it prostrated many of his ambitious plans for a time.

Capt. Baldwin has studied the air currents as a mariner has studied the sea. None of his successes or his discoveries has come by chance, but by patient and long, hard work in experimenting and studying out the foundation for what once seemed the unattainable. No matter how successful a new ship, rigged with all his latest and best ideas, may be on her early trips, Capt. Baldwin is never satisfied to stop with that.

Interesting Wage Statistics.

Some statistics showing the amount of wages paid out of every sovereign taken in various trades in England were given by Mr. John Pearce, who presided at the third ordinary general meeting of the "J. P." Restaurants. As a result of inquiries which he had made, said Mr. Pearce, he had discovered that out of every sovereign received in the furniture and hardware trade 4s. 10d. was paid in wages; in the cotton trade it was 5s. 4d.; in the brewing trade, 1s. 6d.; on the railways, 6s. 2d.; in coal mining, 7s., and in temperance catering, 5s. 2d.—London Tit-Bits.

Westralian Gold Output.

The Westralian gold output from 1886 to the end of last May amounted to 19,504,095 ounces, and dividends amounting to $87,376,640 have been paid to stockholders in that period. There are 4,000 stamps in western Australia in use and the machinery employed at the mines is valued at $20,000,000. Over 20,000 men are employed in the mining industry.

About 60 per cent. of the gold product of the world is handled by Great Britain.

CARRIED GESTURE TOO FAR.

Boy's Action Possibly Appropriate, But Somewhat Unnecessary.

Vivian Burnett, the original of the still remembered Little Lord Fauntleroy, at the Chicago convention discussed with a reporter a certain party maneuver.

"They went too far there," said Mr. Burnett. "They made themselves ridiculous by their excess. Do you know what they reminded me of? They reminded me of a juvenile elocutionist my mother often tells about.

"This lad, at a school treat, got up to recite the first piece of his life. He was ambitious; he wished to make a great success of his piece; and he had been told by his teacher that the secret of elocution was the gesture—for every phrase his fitting gesture.

"The opening line of the boy's selection was 'The comet lifts its tail of fire.'

"The overzealous boy, to fit its proper gesture to this line, lifted up the tail of his coat and held it out in a horizontal position."

GRASSVILLE SUMMER TOURISTS.

First Mountain Climber—Come on, fellows; we're above the timber line and will soon be on the summit.

German Wall Paper Trust.

Negotiations among the German manufacturers of wall paper have finally led to the organization of a trust. The seven leading manufacturers who have already joined have a combined annual production of about $2,520,000. The total output of wall paper in Germany is estimated at $7,000,000 per annum.

Danger in New York Roads.

There is an average of seven car collisions a day on the steam, subway, elevated and surface railways of New York.

The man who pays his debts is true to his trust.

A Generous Gift.

Generous and philanthropic to the end, Col. William F. Vilas, former United States senator and cabinet official, made a posthumous bequest of nearly all his estate to the University of Wisconsin.

The estate, now said to be worth $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, is to be held in trust for the use of the widow during her life. The income now is $100,000 a year. Upon her death the whole property is to be turned over to the university, subject only to a charge of $20,000 a year to his daughter, Mrs. L. M. Hanks, during her life, and some minor charges.

After the property is turned over to the university only half of net income is to be expended until principle with increament shall reach $20,000,000.

Then only one-fourth of next income will be laid aside and added to the principle, this to continue until the property reaches $30,000,000.

Then the entire income is to be used by the university. There is no doubt that the legislature will enact the necessary statute of acceptance as provided in the will.

The will provides for a Henry Vilas theater, to be a general meeting place, provided with reading rooms, lecture halls, baths and other accessories.

It is also provided that a large number of scholarships be established and ten professorships, each to have a salary of not less than $5,000 nor more than $10,000 a year. These professors are to retire on a pension of not over $2,500 each.

There will be ten scholarships for undergraduates at $400 a year, and ten fellowships at $600 each. These may be adjusted so as to provide not more than five traveling fellowships at $1,500 a year. Then too, regents may offer cash prizes.

For at least one-fifth of these scholarships and fellowships the regents shall prefer worthy and qualified candidates of negro blood, if any present themselves.

After these things have been accomplished, there may be established more professorships for the advancement of knowledge or instructional work.

All appointments of professors, scholars and fellows are to be wholly in the hands of the regents.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank those kind neighbors and friends, and especially the members of the G. A. R. and the W. C. R. for their kindness and assistance during the sickness and after the death of our wife and mother.

D. W. Compton and family.

Notice of Removal.

—Frank Maciejewski, who has been conducting a shoe shop in the LaMadeline building, will move into the building next to the Deals saloon in the near future, at 105 First Ave. South. 2t.

Notice.

—There will be no services at the M. E. church next Sunday as the pastor is attending Conference. The usual services will be held the following Sunday.

BIRTHS.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Doughty on Wednesday.

The New Pure Food and Drug Law.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. Johnson & Hill Co. and Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

—Galvanic Soap saves the clothes by not making it necessary to wear them out on the washboard. The soap being absolutely pure, does not leave any waste matter in the fabric to rot it. It rinses out easily and completely.

One of the worst features of kidney trouble is that it is an insidious disease and before the victim realises his danger he may have a fatal malady. Take Foley's Kidney Cure at the first sign of trouble as it corrects irregularities and prevents Bright's disease and diabetes. Johnson & Hill Co. and Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Market Report.

Victoria	$ 5 70
Patent Flour	6 40
Rye Flour	4 60
Rye	72
Oats	45
Middlings	1 30
Feed	1 23
Bran	1 25
Corn	1.07
Corn Meal	1.70
Butter	18-21
Eggs	18
Chickens	7-10
Hogs dressed	7.00
Beef live	2.00 3.00
Beef dressed	6.00
Hay, Timothy	8-9
Potatoes	35 50

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Jos. Rick spent Sunday with relatives in Neillsville.

John Farrish transacted business in Oshkosh on Tuesday.

Miss Lucile Voyer spent Sunday with friends in Junction City

Mrs J. S. Sayles is spending the week with relatives in Shawano.

Miss Ella Young attended the Stevens Point fair on Thursday.

Miss Florence Quinn returned on Monday from her visit in Depere.

Mrs. O. E. Boles departed on Tuesday for a few days visit in Milwaukee.

Geo. F. Krieger left last week for Chicago to attend to some business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Whitney attended the Stevens Point Fair on Thursday.

Mrs. Joe Hanna visited with relatives in Stevens Point several days last week.

Mrs. A. Seidensponner departed on Tuesday for a weeks visit with relatives in Sheboygan.

Mrs. Sidney Burrows returned on Tuesday from a six weeks visit with her father at St. Louis.

Ellis Kromer of Minneapolis was in the city on Monday shaking hands with his numerous friends.

Albert Waldvogel spent Sunday in Wausau where he witnessed the Wausau-Green Bay ball games.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter LaBelle of Marshfield are visiting with relatives in the town of Saratoga for a week.

C. M. Wooster departed on Tuesday morning for Texas where he will have charge of a dredge for J. B. Arpin.

Mrs. M. A. Boddie returned last week from New Richmond where she visited with relatives for several weeks.

Misses Francis Isberner and Emma Gehrman of Portage are visiting at the August Luetfelbein home this week.

Miss Minnie Getts departed on Tuesday for Boise City, Idaho, where she will visit with relatives for several months.

Will Corcoran departed on Monday for Port Arthur, Canada, where he is employed by the Pigeon River Lumber Co.

Mrs. J. W. Slattorer returned to her home in New Lisbon on Monday after a weeks visit at the Wm. Snider home.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Phillips of Tomahawk, who were visiting friends and relatives in this city, left for their home Monday.

Miss Beryl Thompson expects to leave the latter part of the week for Ripon to take up her studies there again the coming year.

Rev. Wm. Nommensen of the west side Lutheran church was in Columbus on Sunday where he delivered a sermon at a Mission Festival.

A small fire in a pile of ties near the Green Bay and Western depot on Tuesday morning called out the fire department, but the flames were extinguished without much damage.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Tennant returned the fore part of the week from Milwaukee where they spent a week taking in the sights at the state fair, and visiting their daughter, Mrs. Frank Cameron.

Mrs. Henry Misner of Harvard, Mich., arrived in the city last week, being called here by the illness of her mother, Mrs. Henry Dennison, who underwent a surgical operation at the Riverview hospital on Wednesday.

Dr. Till is said to have deserted his location at Somerset and to have gone to Turtle Lake, a station on the Sioux road about six miles from Somerset, where he has erected a sort of barracks or a large house where his patients will be attended by imported German attendants.

State Superintendent O. P. Cary has announced the results of the primary election for state flower by school children at the last Arbor day. The violet leads with a total of 26,505 votes, the wild rose is second with 21,955 the trailing arbutus is third with 17,999 and the white water lily fourth with 11,981.

Nic Vitta of Biron, purchased a wood sawing outfit from the Centralia Hardware Co. on Monday. The machine is operated by a six horse power Lausen, Frost King gasoline engine, and is the handiest and smoothest running machine of its kind ever seen here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Phillips of the west side have sold their home this week and will leave the latter part of the week for Minneapolis where they will make their future home. Mr. Phillips having secured a splendid position with the Pacific Coast Shippers Association. Their many friends in the city wish them success in their new home.

Frank Lenschou of the town of Rock, democratic candidate for county clerk, was in the city on Saturday calling on his friends. Mr. Lenschen was accompanied by his brother-in-law, Will Miller, who formerly lived in the town of Grand Rapids. Will left here several years ago for Mexico with his sister Libbie and since returning has been attending the Stevens Point Normal.

A decision of the railroad commission of Wisconsin was brought to the notice of some of the local telephone companies during the last few days which will have a great effect on telephone subscribers everywhere in the state. It is that the company must collect the same rate of a subscriber who owns his telephone as they do of a subscriber whose telephone is rented of the company. This decision of the commission is made under the Public Utility Act of July 1907.

How to Avoid Appendicitis.

Most victims of appendicitis are those who are habitually constipated. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup cures chronic constipation by stimulating the liver and bowels, and restores the natural action of the bowels. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

General Election Notice.

Wood County, County Clerks Office Sept. 7th, 1908.

Sir:—A general election is to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts, in said County, on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday, being the 3rd day of November, 1908, at which are to be elected the officers specified herein in accordance with the substance of a notice received from the Secretary of state.

Thirteen electors of President and vice President of the United States.

A Governor in place of James O. Davidson, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January A. D. 1909.

A Lieutenant Governor, in place of W. D. Connor, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Secretary of State, in place of James A. Frear, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A State Treasurer, in place of Andrew H. Dahl, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

An Attorney General, in place of Frank L. Gilbert, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Commissioner of Insurance, in place of George E. Beedle, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A representative in Congress for the tenth Congressional District, consisting of the Counties of Iron, Vilas, Oneida, Forest, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Marathon, Taylor, Price, Ashland and Wood.

ASSEMBLY.

A member of Assembly, in place of C. R. Goldsworthy, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

COUNTY.

A Sheriff in place of Julian T. Welch, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A County Clerk, in place of Geo. W. Davis, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Clerk of the Circuit Court, in place of A. R. Bover, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Register of Deeds, in place of W. S. Powell, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A County Treasurer in place of P. F. Bean, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January 1909.

A District Attorney in place of Ross E. Andrews, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Coroner in place of Jacob Lusk, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A County Surveyor, in place of William Corcoran, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

GEORGE W. DAVIS,
County Clerk.

In accordance with section 1, of article XII, of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, and chapters 238 and 661, of the laws of 1907, the following joint resolutions were adopted by the Legislature of the state of Wisconsin, at the regular session of 1907, are made a part of the foregoing notice, to-wit:

(No. 45 A)

Joint resolution No. 13.

To amend section 10 article V. of the Constitution, relating to the approval of bills by the Governor.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate Concurring, that section 10 of article V, of the Constitution be amended by striking out the word "three" in line thirteen and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six" so that when so amended said section shall read as follows:

Section 10, every bill which shall have passed the legislature shall before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor; if he approves, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the Journal and proceed to reconsider it, if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him the same shall be a law unless the legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

(No. 22 S.)

Joint Resolution No. 18.

Providing for an amendment to section 10, article VIII, of the Constitution, relating to internal improvements.

Whereas 1, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a Majority of the Members elected to each of the two Houses: which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly Concurring, that section 10 of article VIII, of the Constitution, be amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Provided that the state may appropriate money in the Treasury or to be thereafter raised by taxation for the construction or improvement of public highways" therefor, be it.

Resolved by the Senate the Assembly Concurring, that the foregoing amendment to the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

(No. 47 A)

Joint Resolution No 25.

To amend section 1, of article III, of the Constitution, relating to electors.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the Constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a Majority of the Members elected to each of the two Houses which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate Concurring, that sub-section 2, of section 1, of article, III, of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, be amended so as to read as follows:

2. Persons of foreign birth, who, prior to the first day of December, A. D., 1908, shall have declared their intentions to become citizens conformable to the laws of the United States on the subject of Naturalization, provided that the rights hereby granted to such persons shall cease on the first day of December, A. D. 1912.

Therefore, Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly Concurring, that the foregoing proposed amendments to the consitution of the state of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

(No. 19 S.)

Joint Resolution No. 29.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a Majority of the Members elected to each of the two Houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Assembly the Senate Concurring, that section 1, of Article VIII, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin be amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges, and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive and reasonable exemptions may be provided" so that when so amended said section shall read as follows:

"Section 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the legislature shall prescribe. Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive, and reasonable exemptions may be provided."

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly Concurring, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the state of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

Given under my hand and official seal at the capitol in the city of Madison this 5th day of August A. D. 1908. James A. Frear,
Secretary of state.

State of Wisconsin }
County of Wood } SS

To the County Clerk of Wood County:

Pursuant to the above notice from the secretary of state notice is hereby given that at the General election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election precincts of the County of Wood and state of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the 3rd day of November A. D. 1908, the officers therein mentioned to be elected, and other questions to be determined will be voted for.

Given under my hand and official seal at the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids on the 7th day of September A. D. 1908.

Geo. W. Davis
County Clerk
Wood County.

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood Co., In County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Mathew White, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mathew White, late of the city of Grand Rapids, in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Katie White by the court;

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 23rd day of March A. D., 1909, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Mathew White, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Mathew White, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the fifth Tuesday in March, 1909, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1908.

By the court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

Goggins, Brazeau & Briere,
Attorneys for administratrix
First Pub. Sept. 2
Last Pub. Sept 23

Notice of Sale, on Foreclosure of Mechanics Liens.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of Wood County, Wisconsin, and under and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure of mechanic's liens duly rendered and entered in said court on the 26th day of August, 1908, wherein Johnson & Hill Company was plaintiff and Casper Gnos and Helen Gnos, his wife, the Grand Rapids Hollow Concrete Wall Company, Kellogg Bros. Lumber Company and Clark Snyder were defendants, wherein and whereby amongst other things it was adjudged and decreed that all right, title and interest which the defendants Casper Gnos and Helen Gnos, his wife or either of them had in and to the premises hereinafter described on the first day of June, 1907, or which said named defendants or either of them and all persons claiming under them or either of them have since said date acquired of, in and to the premises hereinafter described, or so much thereof as might be necessary to satisfy the amount of liens according to the terms of said Judgment together with costs be sold at public auction by and under the direction of the sheriff of Wood County, to satisfy the amount thereby adjudged to be due to the plaintiff Johnson & Hill Company, and the defendants Grand Rapids Hollow Concrete Wall Company, Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co. and Clark Snyder amounting, exclusive of costs, to unwards of the sum of Five Hundred and Eighty (580) Dollars together with the costs as taxes and all subsequent costs and expenses and that the sheriff give public notice of the day and place of sale in the manner provided by law for the sale of real estate on execution.

Now therefore pursuant to said execution and judgment, I will on the 31st day of October, 1908, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front or north door of the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said Wood County, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described premises, situated lying and being in Wood County, Wisconsin, to wit:—

Part of the North East quarter (N. E. ¼) of the South East quarter (S. E. ¼) Section No. Thirty-five (35) Township No. Twenty two (22) North, Range No. Five (5) East, more particularly described as follows:—A piece of land bounded on the South by what is known as Lotondre Avenue being the street running from the mill of the John Edwards Manufacturing Company in the village of Port Edwards, said County, to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul depot in said village; on the west by the right of way of said Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, on the East by the right of way of the Wisconsin Central Railway; and on the North by a line parallel to said Lotondre Avenue, and 218 feet distance from the North side thereof.

Dated at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin this 16th day of September, 1908.

J. T. Welch
Sheriff of Wood County, Wisconsin.
W. E. Wheelan and Geo. L. Williams
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

9-16—10-21.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

State of Wisconsin.
County of Wood.

In Circuit Court.

Portage Mortgage Loan and Trust Co., Plaintiff.

VS.

Joseph R. Akey, Vinnie Akey, E. S. Hucking and O. D. Owen, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on the 5th day of August, 1907, the undersigned sheriff of Wood County, State of Wisconsin, will sell at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, on the 3rd day of October, 1908, at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the real estate and mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

The South West quarter (SW¼) of the South East quarter (SE¼) of Section four (4) and the North half (N½) of the North East quarter (NE ¼) of Section (11), Township Twenty-three (23) North, Range Six (6) East.

Terms of Sale, Cash.

Dated this 17th day of August, A. D., 1908.

J. C. Davis, Plaintiff's Attorney. J. T. Welch, Sheriff.

First Publication August 19, 1908.
Last Publication Sept. 30, 1908.

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, In County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Susannah Lefebvre, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Susannah Lefebvre, late of the city of Grand Rapids, in said county of Wood, deceased having been duly granted to Helena Vaynand Amelia Nisch by this court;

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 31st day of March A. D. 1909, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Susannah Lefebvre deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Susannah Lefebvre, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its court room in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of April 1909, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the county of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1908.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway, County Judge.

Goggins, Brazeau & Briere, Attys. for Estate
9-9-9-30.